

January 1 – December 31, 2024

# Evidence of Coverage

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## Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty (HMO)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 to December 31, 2024. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at **1-888-777-5536**. (TTY users should call **711**.) Hours are 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week. This call is free.

This plan, Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty, is offered by Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of the Mid-Atlantic States, Inc. (Health Plan). When this **Evidence of Coverage** says "we," "us," or "our," it means Health Plan. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty.

This document is available in large print or braille if you need it by calling Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025. The provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost-sharing;
- Your medical benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

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OMB Approval 0938-1051 (Expires: February 29, 2024)



# 2024 Evidence of Coverage

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## Chapter 1 — Getting started as a member

### Section 1 — Introduction

#### Section 1.1 – You are enrolled in Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty plan, which is a Medicare HMO plan

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You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care through our plan, Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty plan. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost-sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a private company. Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty plan does not include Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage.

Coverage under this plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at [www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families](http://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families) for more information.

#### Section 1.2 – What is the Evidence of Coverage document about?

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This **Evidence of Coverage** document tells you how to get your medical care. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of our plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words **coverage** and **covered services** refer to the medical care and services available to you as a member of our plan.

It's important for you to learn what our plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this **Evidence of Coverage** document.

If you are confused, concerned, or just have a question, please contact our Member Services.

#### Section 1.3 – Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

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This **Evidence of Coverage** is part of our contract with you about how we cover your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called **riders** or **amendments**.

The contract is in effect for the months in which you are enrolled in Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty plan between January 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of our plan after December 31, 2024. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2024.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer our plan and Medicare renews its approval of our plan.

## Section 2 — What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

### Section 2.1 – Your eligibility requirements

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You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.
- You live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- You are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States.

### Section 2.2 – Here is our plan service area for Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty

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Our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes the following:

- The **District of Columbia**.
- These counties in Virginia: **Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, and Stafford**.
- These independent cities in Virginia: **Alexandria, City of Falls Church, Fairfax, Fredericksburg City, Manassas, and Manassas Park**.
- These counties in Maryland: **Anne Arundel, Baltimore City, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, Montgomery, and Prince George's**.
- These parts of counties in Maryland, in the following ZIP codes only:
  - ◆ **Calvert County**: 20639, 20678, 20689, 20714, 20732, 20736, and 20754.
  - ◆ **Charles County**: 20601–4, 20607, 20612–13, 20616–17, 20637, 20640, 20643, 20645–46, 20658, 20675, 20677, and 20695.
  - ◆ **Frederick County**: 20842, 20871, 21701–05, 21709–10, 21714, 21716–18, 21754–55, 21757–59, 21762, 21769–71, 21774–77, 21787, and 21790–93.

**If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan.**

Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a special enrollment period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.




## Section 2.3 – U.S. citizen or lawful presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify us if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. We must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

## Section 3 — Important membership materials you will receive

### Section 3.1 – Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by our plan. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

|   |   |
|---|---|
|  <b>KAISER PERMANENTE</b><br>Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of the Mid-Atlantic States, Inc.                                  | kaiserpermanente.org<br>1434-WHITE MP-D   |
| MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER <plan name><plan type><br><XXXXXXXX><br><Member Name>   | <b>Call 911 if you think you have a medical emergency</b><br><b>Medical Advice/Appt/Cancel Appt (24 hours a day)</b><br>Washington Metro Area: (703) 359-7878 711<br>Outside Washington Metro Area: (800) 777-7904 711<br><b>If you are unsure of your condition and require immediate medical advice, call (800) 677-1112.</b>       |
| CENTER<br>ISSUER: <80840> <Center Letter>CMS-<contract number><PBP  | <b>Member Services Contact Center:</b><br>Toll Free Number (888) 777-5536 TTY 711<br><b>Submit claims to Medicare Intermediary/Carrier for primary payer payment. Medical secondary and Rx claims must be submitted to:</b><br>PO Box 371860, Denver, CO 80237-9998<br>Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of the Mid-Atlantic States, Inc. |
| <small>This card is for identification only. Possession of this card confers no right to services or benefits unless the holder is a member complying with all provisions of an applicable agreement.</small> | <small>Call Medical Advice as soon as possible after you have an emergency hospital admission.</small>  |

Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare-approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

### Section 3.2 – Provider Directory

The **Provider Directory** lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers.

Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization, you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies,

**1-888-777-5536 (TTY 711), 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.**

urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which our plan authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at [kp.org/directory](https://kp.org/directory).

If you don't have your copy of the **Provider Directory**, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy provider directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

## Section 4 — Your monthly costs for our plan

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan premium (Section 4.1).
- Monthly Medicare Part B premium (Section 4.2).
- Optional supplemental benefits premium (Section 4.3).

Medicare Part B premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums, review your copy of **Medicare & You** 2024 handbook, in the section called **2024 Medicare Costs**. If you need a copy, you can download it from the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov)). Or you can order a printed copy by phone at **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call **1-877-486-2048**.

### Section 4.1 – Plan premium

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As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2024, the monthly premium for our plan is **\$0**.

### Section 4.2 – Monthly Medicare Part B premium

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#### Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A, which affects members who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A.

### Section 4.3 – Optional supplemental benefits premium

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If you signed up for extra benefits, also called **optional supplemental benefits**, then you pay an additional premium each month for these extra benefits. See Chapter 4, Section 2.2, for details.

The monthly premium for optional supplemental benefits (Advantage Plus) is **\$18** for Option 1, **\$23** for Option 2, or **\$41** for both Options 1 and 2.

## **Section 5 — More information about your monthly premium**

### **Section 5.1 – There are several ways you can pay your plan premium**

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There are four ways you can pay your plan premium.

#### **Option 1: Paying by check**

You may pay by check and mail your monthly plan premium directly to us. We must receive your check (or money order) made payable to "Kaiser Permanente" on or before the last day of the month preceding the month of coverage at the following address:

Kaiser Permanente  
Membership Accounting Department  
P.O. Box 64199  
Baltimore, MD 21264-4199

**Note:** You cannot pay in person. If your bank does not honor your payment, we will bill you a returned item charge.

#### **Option 2: You can sign up for monthly automatic payment**

If you prefer, you can have your monthly plan premium automatically withdrawn from your bank account or charged to your credit card. If you select automatic plan premium payment, your monthly plan premium is automatically paid from your bank account (checking or savings account) or credit card. The transaction will appear on your monthly bank or credit card statement, serving as your permanent record of payment.

Please call Member Services to learn how to start or stop automatic plan premium payments and other details about this option, such as when your monthly withdrawal will occur and any forms you must complete.

You can also manage autopay options, including signing up for autopay at [kp.org/mas/onlinebilling](https://kp.org/mas/onlinebilling).

#### **Option 3: You can make a one-time payment by phone or online**

You can make a one-time payment 7 days a week, 24 hours a day online at [kp.org/mas/onlinebilling](https://kp.org/mas/onlinebilling) or by calling Member Services.

#### **Option 4: You can have our plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check**

You can have our plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Member Services for more information about how to pay your plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up.

#### **Changing the way you pay your plan premium**

If you decide to change the option by which you pay your plan premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, call Member Services or sign up for an automatic payment option or make a one-time payment online.

You will pay your monthly plan premium by mailing us a check (see Option 1) unless you sign up for an automatic payment option (see Options 2 or 4) or if you make a one-time payment online or by phone (see Option 3).

### **What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium**

Your plan premium is due in our office by the first day of the coverage month. If we have not received your payment by the 15th of the coverage month, we will send you a notice telling you the amount you owe.

We have the right to pursue collections of any premiums you owe. If we don't receive your premium payment within 60 days and you are enrolled in our optional supplemental benefits package (Advantage Plus), we may terminate those benefits and you will not be able to sign up for the benefits again until October 15 for coverage to become effective January 1.

If you are having trouble paying your premium on time, please contact Member Services to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 7 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your plan premium within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 7, Section 9, of this document tells how to make a complaint, or you can call us at **1-888-777-5536** between 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week. TTY users should call **711**. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

### **Section 5.2 – Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?**

**No.** We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for our plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

## **Section 6 — Keeping your plan membership record up-to-date**

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage, including your primary care provider.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up-to-date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number.
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid).
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident.
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home.

- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room.
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes.
- If you are participating in a clinical research study. (**Note:** You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

## Section 7 — How other insurance works with our plan

### Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends upon your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - ◆ If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
  - ◆ If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance).
- Liability (including automobile insurance).
- Black lung benefits.
- Workers' compensation.

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

## Chapter 2 — Important phone numbers and resources

### Section 1 — Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)

#### How to contact our plan's Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing, or membership card questions, please call or write to Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Member Services – contact information</b>   |
|----------------|--|
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-888-777-5536</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.<br><br>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers. |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>711</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.   |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | Kaiser Permanente<br>Member Services<br>Nine Piedmont Center<br>3495 Piedmont Road, NE<br>Atlanta, GA 30305-1736   |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b>kp.org</b>  |

#### How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 7, "What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)."

| <b>METHOD</b> | <b>Coverage decisions about medical care – contact information</b>                      |
|---------------|---|
| <b>CALL</b>   | <b>1-888-777-5536</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. |
| <b>TTY</b>    | <b>711</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.            |
| <b>FAX</b>    | <b>1-866-640-9826</b>   |

**1-888-777-5536 (TTY 711), 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.**

| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Coverage decisions about medical care – contact information</b>  |
|----------------|---|
| <b>WRITE</b>   | Kaiser Permanente<br>Member Relations<br>Nine Piedmont Center<br>3495 Piedmont Road, NE<br>Atlanta, GA 30305-1736 |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b>kp.org</b>   |

### **How to contact us when you are making an appeal or complaint about your medical care**

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

For more information about making an appeal or a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7, "What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)."

| <b>METHOD</b>           | <b>Appeals or complaints about medical care – contact information</b>  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <b>CALL</b>             | <b>1-888-777-5536</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.  |
| <b>TTY</b>              | <b>711</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.   |
| <b>FAX</b>              | <b>1-404-949-5001</b>  |
| <b>WRITE</b>            | Kaiser Permanente<br>Member Relations<br>Nine Piedmont Center<br>3495 Piedmont Road, NE<br>Atlanta, GA 30305-1736  |
| <b>WEBSITE</b>          | <b>kp.org</b>  |
| <b>MEDICARE WEBSITE</b> | You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to <b><a href="http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a></b> . |



**Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received**

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 5, "Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services."

**Please note:** If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 5, "What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)," for more information.

| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Payment requests – contact information</b>  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-888-777-5536</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.                          |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>711</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.                                     |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | Kaiser Permanente<br>Claims Department<br>Mid-Atlantic States Region<br>P.O. Box 371860<br>Denver, CO 80237-9998 |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b>kp.org</b>  |

**Section 2 — Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the federal Medicare program)**

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations, including our plan.

| <b>METHOD</b> | <b>Medicare – contact information</b>   |
|---------------|---|
| <b>CALL</b>   | <b>1-800-MEDICARE</b> or <b>1-800-633-4227</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. |
| <b>TTY</b>    | <b>1-877-486-2048</b>   |

**1-888-777-5536 (TTY 711), 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.**

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Medicare – contact information</b>   |
|                | This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.  |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <p><b>www.Medicare.gov</b></p> <p>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</p> <p>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Medicare Eligibility Tool:</b> Provides Medicare eligibility status information.</li> <li>• <b>Medicare Plan Finder:</b> Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.</li> </ul> <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about our plan:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Tell Medicare about your complaint:</b> You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <b>www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</b>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.</li> </ul> <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at <b>1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)</b>, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call <b>1-877-486-2048</b>.)</p> |

### **Section 3 — State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)**

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. Here is a list of the State Health Insurance Assistance Programs in each state we serve:

- In the District of Columbia, the SHIP is called Department of Aging and Community Living.

- In Maryland, the SHIP is called Maryland Department of Aging.
- In Virginia, the SHIP is called Virginia Insurance Counseling and Assistance Program.

SHIP is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

**Method to access SHIP and other resources:**

- Visit <https://www.shiphelp.org>. Click on **SHIP Locator** in middle of page.
- Select your state from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Department of Aging and Community Living (Health Insurance Counseling) – contact information</b>                          |
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-202-727-8370</b>  |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>711</b>   |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | 500 K Street N.E., Washington, DC 20002  |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <a href="http://www.dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling">www.dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling</a> |

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Maryland Department of Aging – contact information</b>  |
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-410-767-1100 or toll free 1-800-243-3425</b>  |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>711</b>   |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | 301 West Preston St., Suite 1007, Baltimore, MD 21201  |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <a href="http://www.aging.maryland.gov/Pages/default.aspx">www.aging.maryland.gov/Pages/default.aspx</a> |

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| <b>METHOD</b> | <b>Virginia Insurance Counseling and Assistance Program – contact information</b> |
| <b>CALL</b>   | <b>1-804-662-9333 or toll free 1-800-552-3402</b>                                 |
| <b>TTY</b>    | <b>711</b>  |
| <b>WRITE</b>  | 1610 Forest Avenue, Suite 100, Henrico, VA 23229                                  |

**1-888-777-5536 (TTY 711), 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.**

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Virginia Insurance Counseling and Assistance Program – contact information</b> |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <a href="http://www.vda.virginia.gov">www.vda.virginia.gov</a>                    |

## Section 4 — Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta.

Livanta has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Livanta in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Livanta (District of Columbia's, Maryland's, and Virginia's Quality Improvement Organization) – contact information</b>                       |
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-888-396-4646</b><br>Calls to this number are free. Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.<br>Weekends and holidays, 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.      |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>1-888-985-2660</b><br>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | Livanta<br>BFCC-QIO Program<br>10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202<br>Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105   |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <a href="http://www.livantaqio.com">www.livantaqio.com</a>   |

## Section 5 — Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are

already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Social Security – contact information</b>  |
|----------------|---|
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-800-772-1213</b><br>Calls to this number are free. Available 8 a.m. to 7 p.m., Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day. |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>1-800-325-0778</b><br>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8 a.m. to 7 p.m., Monday through Friday.          |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b>www.ssa.gov</b>  |

## Section 6 — Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact the Medicaid agency for your state listed below.

| <b>METHOD</b> | <b>Department of Healthcare Finance (District of Columbia's Medicaid program) – contact information</b> |
|---------------|---|
| <b>CALL</b>   | <b>1-202-442-5988</b>   |

**1-888-777-5536 (TTY 711), 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.**

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Department of Healthcare Finance (District of Columbia's Medicaid program) – contact information</b> |
|                | Monday through Friday, 8:15 a.m. to 4:45 p.m.   |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>711</b>  |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | 441 4th Street NW, 900S, Washington, DC 20001   |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b><a href="http://www.dhcf.dc.gov">www.dhcf.dc.gov</a></b>   |

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Maryland Medical Assistance Program/HealthChoice – contact information</b>  |
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-410-767-5800 or 1-877-463-3464</b><br>Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.  |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>1-800-735-2258</b><br>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | Contact the Department of Social Services (DSS) in the city or county where you live.  |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b><a href="http://www.mmcp.dhmh.maryland.gov">www.mmcp.dhmh.maryland.gov</a></b>  |

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services – contact information</b>  |
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-804-786-6145</b><br>Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.   |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>1-800-343-0634</b><br>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | Contact the Department of Social Services (DSS) in the city or county where you live.  |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b><a href="http://www.dmas.virginia.gov">www.dmas.virginia.gov</a></b>  |

## Section 7 — How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you

move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

| <b>METHOD</b>  | <b>Railroad Retirement Board – contact information</b>  |
|----------------|---|
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-877-772-5772</b><br>Calls to this number are free. If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB representative from 9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. on Wednesday.<br>If you press "1," you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays. |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>1-312-751-4701</b><br>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are not free.   |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b>rrb.gov/</b>   |

## **Section 8 — Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?**

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document. You may also call **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048)** with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

## Chapter 3 — Using our plan for your medical services

### Section 1 — Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using our plan to get your medical care covered. It gives you definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, Part B prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by our plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4, "Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)."

#### Section 1.1 – What are network providers and covered services?

---

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

#### Section 1.2 – Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by our plan

---

As a Medicare health plan, our plan must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

We will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in our plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You have a network primary care provider** (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
  - ◆ In most situations, your network PCP must give you a referral in advance before you can use other providers in our plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing



facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a referral. For more information about this, see Section 2.3 in this chapter.

- ◆ Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services. There are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance from your PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 in this chapter).
- **You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. Here are four exceptions:
  - ◆ We cover emergency or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
  - ◆ If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost-sharing you normally pay in-network if we or our Medical Group authorize the services before you get the care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
  - ◆ We cover kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside our service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost-sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost-sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost-sharing cannot exceed the cost-sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside our plan's network, the cost-sharing for the dialysis may be higher.
  - ◆ If you receive care from network providers in other Kaiser Permanente regions described in Section 2.3 in this chapter.

## **Section 2 — Use providers in our network to get your medical care**

### **Section 2.1 – You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care**

#### **What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?**

As a member, you must choose one of our available network providers to be your primary care provider. Your primary care provider is a physician who meets state requirements and is trained to give you primary medical care. Your PCP will usually practice general medicine (also called adult or internal medicine and family practice). PCPs are identified in the **Provider Directory**.

Your PCP provides, prescribes, or authorizes medically necessary covered services. Your PCP will provide most of your routine or basic care and provide a referral as needed to see other network providers for other care you need. For example, to see a specialist, you usually need to get your PCP's approval first (this is called getting a "referral" to a specialist). There are a few types of covered services you can get on your own without contacting your PCP first (see Section 2.2 in this chapter).

Your PCP will also coordinate your care. "Coordinating" your care includes checking or consulting with other network providers about your care and how it is going. In some cases, your PCP will need to get prior authorization (prior approval) from us (see Section 2.3 in this chapter for more information).

### **How do you choose or change your PCP?**

As explained above, your PCP plays an important role in your health care. That's why we require you to have a PCP. If you do not select a PCP when you enroll, we will assign you a physician and notify you accordingly.

You may change your PCP for any reason and at any time from our available PCPs, including if you need to select a new PCP because your PCP isn't part of our network of providers any longer. Your PCP selections will be effective immediately.

To choose or change your PCP, please call Member Services or visit [kp.org/doctor](https://kp.org/doctor).

When you call, tell us if you are seeing specialists or getting other covered services that need your PCP's approval (such as home health services and durable medical equipment) so we can tell you if you need to get a referral from your new PCP to continue the services. Also, if there is a particular network specialist or hospital that you want to use, check with us to find out if your PCP makes referrals to that specialist or uses that hospital.

Please see your **Provider Directory** or call Member Services for more information about selecting a PCP and which providers are accepting new patients.

### **Section 2.2 – What kinds of medical care can you get without a referral from your PCP?**

---

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP:

- Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (X-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams, as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations, as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.
- Urgently needed services are covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside our service area. If possible, please call Member Services before you

leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away.

- Kidney disease education visits, as long as you receive services from a network provider.
- Preventive dental care, as long as you receive services from a network provider.
- Preventive care, except for abdominal aortic aneurysm screening, bone mass measurement, cardiovascular screening, colorectal cancer screening, and medical nutrition therapy.

### **Section 2.3 – How to get care from specialists and other network providers**

---

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

#### **Referrals from your PCP**

You will usually see your PCP first for most of your routine health care needs. There are only a few types of covered services you may get on your own, without getting approval from your PCP first, which are described in Section 2.2 of this chapter.

#### **Referrals to network providers**

When your PCP prescribes care that isn't available from a PCP (for example, specialty care), he or she will give you a referral to see a network specialist or another network provider as needed. If your PCP refers you to a network specialist, the referral will be for a specific treatment plan. Your treatment plan may include a standing referral if ongoing care from the specialist is prescribed. We will send you a written referral to authorize an initial consultation or a specified number of visits with a network specialist. After your initial consultation with the network specialist, you must then return to your PCP unless we have authorized more visits as specified in the written referral that we gave you. Don't return to the network specialist after your initial consultation visit unless we have authorized additional visits in your referral. Otherwise, the services may not be covered.

For some types of network specialty care, your PCP may need to get approval in advance from our plan. If there is a particular network specialist or hospital that you want to use, check first to be sure your PCP makes referrals to that specialist.

#### **Prior authorization**

For the services and items listed below, your network provider will need to get approval in advance from our plan or Medical Group (this is called getting "prior authorization"). Decisions regarding requests for authorization will be made only by licensed physicians or other appropriately licensed medical professionals. If you ever disagree with authorization decisions, you can file an appeal as described in Chapter 7.

- Services and items identified in Chapter 4 with a footnote (†).
- For certain network specialty care, your PCP will need to request that we authorize the referral before you can see the specialty care network provider. If we authorize the referral, it

will be for a specific treatment plan as explained above (see "Referrals to specialists" for details).

- If your network provider decides that you require covered services not available from network providers, he or she will recommend to Medical Group that you be referred to an out-of-network provider inside or outside our service area. The appropriate Medical Group designee will authorize the services if he or she determines that the covered services are medically necessary and are not available from a network provider. Referrals to out-of-network providers will be for a specific treatment plan, which may include a standing referral if ongoing care is prescribed. It specifies the duration of the referral without having to get additional approval from us. Please ask your network provider what services have been authorized if you are not certain. If the out-of-network specialist wants you to come back for more care, be sure to check if the referral covers the additional care. If it doesn't, please contact your network provider.
- After we are notified that you need post-stabilization care from an out-of-network provider following emergency care, we will discuss your condition with the out-of-network provider. If we decide that you require post-stabilization care and that this care would be covered if you received it from a network provider, we will authorize your care from the out-of-network provider only if we cannot arrange to have a network provider (or other designated provider) provide the care. Please see Section 3.1 in this chapter for more information.
- Medically necessary transgender surgery and associated procedures.
- Medically necessary bariatric surgery.
- Care from a religious nonmedical health care institution described in Section 6 of this chapter.
- If your network provider makes a written or electronic referral for a transplant, the Medical Group's regional transplant advisory committee and National Transplant Services (NTS) will authorize the services if it determines that they are medically necessary or covered in accord with Medicare guidelines. In cases where no transplant committee or board exists, Medical Group will refer you to physician(s) at a transplant Center of Excellence. An authorization will be issued for medically necessary transplant services or covered in accord with Medicare guidelines in collaboration with the Kaiser Permanente Referring Specialist and the Transplant Team at the Center of Excellence.
- For nonemergency inpatient admissions, Medical Group and our plan will coordinate your care and determine which hospital or facility you will be admitted. Your network provider must receive prior authorization from us for nonemergency admissions, including admissions to behavioral health, skilled nursing facilities, inpatient rehabilitation or other inpatient settings. We will determine the most appropriate facility for care. Depending upon your medical needs, we may transfer you from one network hospital or other inpatient setting, to another network hospital where Medical Group physicians are always on duty. In addition, we may transfer you from one network skilled nursing facility to another where Medical Group physicians make rounds and are available for urgent care.

### **What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?**

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan, you have certain rights and protections summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
  - ◆ If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
  - ◆ If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continue.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost-sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. Please contact us so we can authorize the services.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint with the QIO, a quality of care grievance to our plan, or both. Please see Chapter 7.

### **Section 2.4 – How to get care from out-of-network providers**

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Care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered except in the following situations:

- Emergency or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services mean, see Section 3 in this chapter.
- We or Medical Group authorize a referral to an out-of-network provider described in Section 2.3 of this chapter.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside our service area.

- If you visit the service area of another Kaiser Permanente region, you can receive certain care covered under this **Evidence of Coverage** from designated providers in that service area. Please call our care away from home travel line at **1-951-268-3900 (TTY 711)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (except holidays), or visit our website at **kp.org/travel** for more information about getting care when visiting another Kaiser Permanente Region's service area, including coverage information and facility locations. Kaiser Permanente is located in California, District of Columbia, Colorado, Georgia, Hawaii, Maryland, Oregon, Virginia, and Washington. **Note:** Our care away from home travel line can also answer questions about covered emergency or urgent care services you receive out-of-network, including how to get reimbursement.

## Section 3 — How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

### Section 3.1 – Getting care if you have a medical emergency

#### What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do not need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere inside or outside the United States.
- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. The number to call is listed on the back of your plan membership card.

#### What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable, and the medical emergency is over.

We will partner with the doctors who are providing the emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. We will cover your follow-up post-stabilization care in accord with Medicare guidelines. It is very important that your provider call us to get

authorization for post-stabilization care before you receive the care from the out-of-network provider. In most cases, you will only be held financially liable if you are notified by the out-of-network provider or us about your potential liability.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

### **What if it wasn't a medical emergency?**

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care—thinking that your health is in serious danger—and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was not an emergency, we will cover additional care only if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- Or the additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

## **Section 3.2 – Getting care when you have an urgent need for services**

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### **What are urgently needed services?**

An "urgently needed service" is a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. For example, an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have or a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend. Urgently needed services may be furnished by out of-network providers when it is unreasonable, given your circumstances, to obtain immediate care from network providers.

We know that sometimes it's difficult to know what type of care you need. That's why we have telephone advice nurses available to assist you. Our advice nurses are registered nurses specially trained to help assess medical symptoms and provide advice over the phone, when medically appropriate. Whether you are calling for advice or to make an appointment, you can speak to an advice nurse.

They can often answer questions about a minor concern, tell you what to do if a network facility is closed, or advise you about what to do next, including making a same-day urgent care appointment for you if it's medically appropriate. To speak with an advice nurse 24 hours a day, 7 days a week or make an appointment, please call **1-800-777-7904 (TTY 711)**, or refer to your **Provider Directory** for appointment and advice telephone numbers.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances:

- You are temporarily outside of our service area.
- The services were necessary to treat an unforeseen illness or injury to prevent serious deterioration of your health.
- It was not reasonable to delay treatment until you returned to our service area.

- The services would have been covered had you received them from a network provider.

### **Section 3.3 – Getting care during a disaster**

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If the governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from us.

Please visit our website **kp.org** for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, our plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost-sharing.

## **Section 4 — What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?**

### **Section 4.1 – You can ask us to pay our share of the cost for covered services**

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If you have paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5, "Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services," for information about what to do.

### **Section 4.2 – If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost**

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We cover all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Any amounts you pay after the benefit has been exhausted will not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

## **Section 5 — How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?**

### **Section 5.1 – What is a clinical research study?**

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A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study, and you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.



If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost-sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more (for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount), we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost-sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do not need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do not need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has not approved, you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.

## **Section 5.2 – When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?**

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Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost-sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost-sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 5 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost-sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same

amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will not pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were not in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

### **Do you want to know more?**

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication **Medicare and Clinical Research Studies**. (The publication is available at [www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf).) You can also call **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.

## **Section 6 — Rules for getting care in a religious nonmedical health care institution**

### **Section 6.1 – What is a religious nonmedical health care institution?**

A religious nonmedical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious nonmedical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (nonmedical health care services).

### **Section 6.2 – Receiving care from a religious nonmedical health care institution**

To get care from a religious nonmedical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is voluntary and not required by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is not voluntary or is required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious nonmedical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to nonreligious aspects of care.

- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - ◆ You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
  - ◆ – and – you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will not be covered.

**Note:** Covered services are subject to the same limitations and cost-sharing required for services provided by network providers as described in Chapter 4 and Chapter 10.

## **Section 7 — Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment**

### **Section 7.1 – Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?**

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech-generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan.

#### **What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

### **Section 7.2 — Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance**

#### **What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?**

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, our plan will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment.
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents.
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents.
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment.

If you leave our plan or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

**What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?**

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months, you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months, the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years, you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

## **Chapter 4 — Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

### **Section 1 — Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services**

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of our plan. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services. In addition, please see Chapter 3, Chapter 9, and Chapter 10 for additional coverage information, including limitations (for example, coordination of benefits, durable medical equipment, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and third party liability). Section 2.2 in this chapter describes our optional supplemental benefits.

#### **Section 1.1 – Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services**

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- **Copayment** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service unless we do not collect all cost-sharing at that time and send you a bill later. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 of this chapter tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service unless we do not collect all cost-sharing at that time and send you a bill later. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 of this chapter tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

#### **Section 1.2 – What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?**

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2024 this amount is **\$6,900**.

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amount you pay for your plan premium does not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk (\*) in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of **\$6,900**, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-

network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

### **Section 1.3 – Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you**

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As a member of our plan, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges. Here is how this protection works:

- If your cost-sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost-sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends upon which type of provider you see:
  - ◆ If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by our plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and our plan).
  - ◆ If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, we cover services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
  - ◆ If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for nonparticipating providers. (Remember, we cover services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or outside the service area for urgently needed services.)
- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services.

## **Section 2 — Use this Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered and how much you will pay**

### **Section 2.1 – Your medical benefits and costs as a member of our plan**

---


The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services we cover and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare-covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) must be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies,


or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered, unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance before you can see other providers in our plan's network. This is called giving you a referral.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart with a footnote (†). In addition, see Chapter 3, Section 2.3, for more information about prior authorization, including other services that require prior authorization that are not listed in the Medical Benefits Chart.


### **Other important things to know about our coverage**

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay more in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay less. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your **Medicare & You** 2024 handbook. View it online at [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov) or ask for a copy by calling **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, cost-sharing will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
  - ◆  You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the Medical Benefits Chart.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

## Medical Benefits Chart




| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <p> <b>Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening†</b></p> <p>A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. Our plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</p>   | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p> |
| <p><b>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain†</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Lasting 12 weeks or longer.</li> <li>○ Nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.).</li> <li>○ Not associated with surgery.</li> <li>○ Not associated with pregnancy.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.</p> <p>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</p> <p>Provider requirements:<br/>Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.</p> <p>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:</p> | <p><b>\$15 per visit.</b></p>  |



| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services                                      |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A master's or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,</li> <li>• A current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a state, territory, or commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.</li> </ul> <p>Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</p>   |  |
| <p><b>Ambulance services</b></p> <p>Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or †non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by our plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.</p> <p>We also cover the services of a licensed ambulance anywhere in the world without prior authorization (including transportation through the 911 emergency response system where available) if you reasonably believe that you have an emergency medical condition and you reasonably believe that your condition requires the clinical support of ambulance transport services.</p> | <p><b>\$250</b> per one-way trip.</p>  |
| <p> <b>Annual routine physical exams</b></p> <p>Routine physical exams are covered if the exam is medically appropriate preventive care in accord with generally accepted professional standards of practice.</p>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for this preventive care.</p> |





†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <p> <b>Annual wellness visit</b></p> <p>If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p>  |
| <p> <b>Bone mass measurement†</b></p> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39.</li> <li>• One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older.</li> <li>• Clinical breast exams once every 24 months.</li> </ul>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p>   |
| <p><b>Cardiac rehabilitation services†</b></p> <p>Comprehensive programs for cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. Our plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>  | <p>You pay the following, depending upon the type of visit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$30</b> per cardiac rehabilitation therapy visit.</li> <li>• <b>\$40</b> per intensive cardiac rehabilitation therapy visit.</li> </ul> |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <p> <b>Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</b><br/>                     We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.</p>                                     | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Cardiovascular disease testing†</b><br/>                     Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every five years (60 months).</p>   | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every five years.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</b><br/>                     Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months.</li> <li>• If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past three years: One Pap test every 12 months.</li> </ul> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>   |
| <p><b>Chiropractic services†</b><br/>                     Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ These Medicare-covered services are provided by a network chiropractor. For the list of network chiropractors, please refer to the <b>Provider Directory</b>.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | <p>\$15 per visit.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Colorectal cancer screening†</b><br/>                     The following screening tests are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who</li> </ul>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible</p> |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services  |
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| <p>are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema.</li> <li>• Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.</li> <li>• Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.</li> <li>• Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.</li> <li>• Barium enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy.</li> <li>• Barium enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy.</li> <li>• Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare-covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.</li> </ul> | <p>sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam and you pay <b>\$0</b> for the doctor's services.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Procedures performed during a screening colonoscopy (for example, removal of polyps).</li> <li>• Colonoscopies following a positive gFOBt or FIT test or a flexible sigmoidoscopy screening.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> All other colonoscopies are subject to the applicable cost-sharing listed elsewhere in this chart.</p>  | <p><b>\$0</b></p>  |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p><b>Dental services*</b></p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental X-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.</p> <p><b>Preventive dental care</b></p> <p>In addition, we cover preventive dental services when performed by participating LIBERTY Dental Plan providers and subject to the exclusions and limitations, including visit limits, described in Section 3.2 of this chapter. Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Periodic oral evaluation (D0120) – limited to two per calendar year.</li> <li>• Limited oral evaluation – problem focused (D0140)</li> <li>• Comprehensive oral evaluation – new or established patient (D0150) – limited to once per three calendar years.</li> <li>• Prophylaxis (D1110) – limited to two per calendar year. One additional for patient with documented history of gum disease.</li> <li>• Topical fluoride (D1206 or D1208) limited to one per calendar year.</li> <li>• Intraoral complete series of radiographic images (D0210) – limited to one per three calendar years.</li> <li>• Bitewing X-rays (D0270, D0272, D0273, D0274, D0277) – limited to one set per calendar year.</li> <li>• Intraoral – periapical radiographic images (D0220, D0230).</li> <li>• Panoramic radiographic image (D0330).</li> <li>• Nutritional counseling (D1310) – limited to one per calendar year.</li> </ul> | <p><b>\$0</b></p>                             |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services  |
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| <p><b>Comprehensive dental care†</b><br/>Comprehensive dental care is covered up to a <b>\$500</b> annual benefit limit, when performed by participating LIBERTY Dental Plan providers and subject to the exclusions and limitations, including visit limits, described in Section 3.2 of this chapter. Visit <a href="http://Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists">Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists</a> for a listing of participating dentists or call Member Services at the LIBERTY Dental Plan at <b>1-888-650-1859</b> (TTY users call <b>711</b>), Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Services performed by non-participating dentists are not covered. Covered services include:</p> <p><b>Minor restorative services:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Amalgam (D2140, D2150, D2160, D2161) and composite fillings (D2330, D2331, D2332, D2335, D2391, D2392, D2393, D2394) – limited to one per tooth per surface every two calendar years.</li> </ul> <p><b>Major restorative services:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inlays (D2510, D2520, D2530, D2610, D2620, D2630) and onlays (D2542, D2543, D2544, D2642, D2643, D2644) – limited to one per tooth per five years.†</li> <li>• Crowns (D2740, D2750, D2751, D2752, D2790, D2791, D2792, D2794) – limited to one per tooth per five years.†</li> <li>• Re-cement or re-bond crown (D2920).</li> <li>• Protective restoration (D2940).</li> <li>• Restorative foundation for an indirect restoration (D2949) – limited to one per tooth per five years.</li> <li>• Core buildup, including any pins when required (D2950) – limited to one per tooth per five years.†</li> <li>• Post and core in addition to crown, indirectly fabricated (D2952) and each additional indirectly fabricated post – same tooth (D2953) or prefabricated post and core in addition to crown (D2954) and each additional prefabricated post – same tooth (D2957) – limited to one per tooth per five years.†</li> </ul> <p><b>Endodontics†:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pulp cap – direct/indirect (D3110, D3120)</li> <li>• Medicine placed under filings to promote pulp healing (D3123).</li> </ul> | <p><b>50% coinsurance</b> for comprehensive dental care until the plan has paid <b>\$500 (annual benefit limit)</b>. When you reach the \$500 annual benefit limit for comprehensive dental care, you pay 100% for the rest of the year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You have additional comprehensive dental coverage if you are enrolled in Advantage Plus Option 1 and/or Advantage Plus Option 2, our optional supplemental benefits packages. Please see Section 2.3 in this chapter for details.</p> |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Endodontic therapy, anterior, premolar or molar tooth (D3310, D3320, D3330) – limited to one per tooth per lifetime.</li> <li>• Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - anterior, premolar or molar tooth (D3346, D3347, D3348) – limited to one per tooth per lifetime.</li> </ul> <p><b>Periodontics:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Periodontal scaling and root planing (D4341, D4342) – limited to one per quadrant per two calendar years. Only 2 quadrants are payable on the same date of service.†</li> <li>• Full mouth debridement to enable a comprehensive oral evaluation and diagnosis on a subsequent visit (D4355) – limited to one every three calendar years.</li> <li>• Localized delivery of antimicrobial agents via a controlled release vehicle into diseased crevicular tissue, per tooth (D4381).</li> <li>• Periodontal maintenance (D4910) – limited to two per calendar year, within two calendar years of definitive periodontal therapy.</li> </ul> <p><b>Prosthodontics, removable:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complete or partial dentures- 1 of (D5110-D5226) per arch every 5 years.</li> <li>• Complete denture – maxillary/mandibular (D5110, D5120).†</li> <li>• Immediate denture – maxillary/mandibular (D5130, D5140).†</li> <li>• Maxillary/mandibular partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (D5213, D5214).†</li> <li>• Immediate maxillary/mandibular partial denture – resin base (D5221, D5222).†</li> <li>• Maxillary/mandibular partial denture – flexible base (D5225, D5226).†</li> <li>• Adjust complete denture – maxillary/mandibular (D5410, D5411) – limited to two per denture per year.</li> <li>• Adjust partial denture – maxillary/mandibular (D5421, D5422) – limited to two per denture per year.</li> </ul> |   |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Repair broken complete denture base, maxillary/mandibular (D5511, D5512) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> <li>• Replace missing or broken teeth – complete denture (each tooth) (D5520) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> <li>• Repair resin partial denture base, mandibular/maxillary (D5611, D5612) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> <li>• Repair cast partial framework, mandibular/maxillary (D5621, D5622) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> <li>• Reline complete maxillary/mandibular denture (direct) (D5730, D5731) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> <li>• Reline partial maxillary/mandibular denture (direct) (D5740, D5741) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> <li>• Reline complete maxillary/mandibular denture (indirect) (D5750, D5751) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> <li>• Reline maxillary/mandibular partial denture (indirect) (D5760, D5761) – limited to one per denture per year.</li> </ul> <p><b>Prosthodontics, fixed:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pontics (D6210, D6211, D6212, D6240, D6241, D6242, D6245) – limited to one per tooth per five years.†</li> <li>• Pontics (D6214) – limited to one per tooth per five years.</li> <li>• Retainer crowns (D6740, D6750, D6751, D6752, D6790, D6791, D6792) – limited to one per tooth per five years.†</li> <li>• Retainer crowns (D6794) – limited to one per tooth per five years.</li> <li>• Re-cement or re-bond fixed partial denture (D6930).</li> </ul> <p><b>Oral &amp; maxillofacial surgery:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Extraction, coronal remnants – primary tooth (D7111) – limited to one per tooth per lifetime.</li> </ul> |   |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services  |
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/or forceps removal) (D7140) – limited to one per tooth per lifetime.</li> <li>• Extraction, erupted tooth requiring removal of bone and/or sectioning of tooth, and including elevation of mucoperiosteal flap if indicated (D7210) – limited to one per tooth per lifetime.†</li> <li>• Removal of residual tooth roots (cutting procedure) (D7250) – limited to one per tooth per lifetime†,</li> <li>• Incision and drainage of abscess – intraoral soft tissue (D7510, D7511).</li> </ul> <p><b>Adjunctive general services:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain – minor procedure (D9110),</li> <li>• Deep sedation/general anesthesia (D210, D9211, D9212, D9222, D9223, D9239, D9243, D9248).†</li> <li>• Inhalation of nitrous oxide/analgesia, anxiolysis (D9230).†</li> </ul> |  |
| <p>We also cover dental services necessary to ensure the oral cavity is clear of infection prior to being placed on the transplant wait list for allogeneic stem cell/bone marrow, heart, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, and multiple-organ transplants. In the case of urgent transplantation, these services may be performed post-transplant. Service include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Examination and evaluation of the oral cavity.</li> <li>• Treatment services including extractions necessary for the transplant.</li> <li>• Relevant dental X-rays.</li> <li>• Cleaning.</li> <li>• Fluoride treatments.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>Office visits</b><br/>                 \$40 per specialty care visit.</p> <p><b>X-ray</b><br/>                 \$10 per X-ray visit.</p> <p><b>Outpatient surgery</b><br/>                 \$200 per outpatient surgery visit.</p> |
| <p> <b>Depression screening</b></p> <p>We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Diabetes screening</b></p>   | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the</p>   |

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\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| <b>Services that are covered for you</b>   | <b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>   |
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| <p>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.</p>            | Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.   |
| <p><b>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies</b></p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and noninsulin users), covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.</li> <li>• 🍏 Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions.</li> </ul> | \$0  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the noncustomized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li> </ul>  | 20% coinsurance  |
| <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies†</b></p> <p>(For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 10 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7, of this document.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech-generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p>  | <p>You pay 20% coinsurance, except you pay \$0 for phototherapy equipment for home use.</p> <p><b>Oxygen equipment</b><br/>Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20%, every time you receive equipment.</p> <p>Your cost sharing will not change after being enrolled for 36 months.</p> |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services  |
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| <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at <a href="http://kp.org/directory">kp.org/directory</a>.</p> <p>We also cover the following phototherapy equipment for home use that isn't covered by Medicare when medically necessary for the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma.</li> <li>• Pityriasis lichenoides chronica.</li> <li>• Recalcitrant prurigo and pruritis.</li> <li>• Lichen planus.</li> <li>• Severe widespread eczema that has failed topical treatments.</li> <li>• Vitiligo in some circumstances.</li> </ul>   |  |
| <p><b>Emergency care</b></p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and</li> <li>• Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.</li> </ul> <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost-sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p><b>You have worldwide emergency care coverage.</b></p> | <p><b>\$100</b> per Emergency Department visit.</p> <p>This copayment does not apply if you are immediately admitted directly to the hospital as an inpatient (it does apply if you are admitted to the hospital as an outpatient; for example, if you are admitted for observation).</p> <p>†If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered or you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by our plan and your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p> |
| <p><b>Fitness benefit (the Silver&amp;Fit® Healthy Aging and Exercise Program)</b></p>   | <p><b>\$0</b></p>  |


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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>The Silver&amp;Fit program includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can join a participating Silver&amp;Fit fitness center and take advantage of the services that are included in the fitness center's standard membership (for example, use of fitness center equipment or instructor-led classes that do not require an additional fee). If you sign up for a Silver&amp;Fit fitness center membership, the following applies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The fitness center provides facility and equipment orientation.</li> <li>◆ Services offered by fitness centers vary by location. Any nonstandard fitness center service that typically requires an additional fee is not included in your standard fitness center membership through the Silver&amp;Fit program (for example, court fees or personal trainer services).</li> <li>◆ To join a participating Silver&amp;Fit fitness center, register through <a href="https://kp.org/SilverandFit">kp.org/SilverandFit</a> and select your location(s). You can then print or download your "Welcome Letter," which includes your Silver&amp;Fit card with fitness ID number to provide to the selected fitness center.</li> <li>◆ Once you join, you can switch to another participating Silver&amp;Fit fitness center once a month and your change will be effective the first of the following month (you may need to complete a new membership agreement at the fitness center).</li> </ul> </li> <li>• If you would like to work out at home, you can select one Home Fitness Kit per calendar year. There are many Home Fitness Kits to choose from, including Wearable Fitness Tracker, Pilates, Strength, Swim, Walking/Trekking, and Yoga Kit options. Kits are subject to change and once selected cannot be exchanged. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ To pick your kit, please visit <a href="https://kp.org/SilverandFit">kp.org/SilverandFit</a> or call Silver&amp;Fit customer service.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Access to Silver&amp;Fit online services at <a href="https://kp.org/SilverandFit">kp.org/SilverandFit</a> that provide on-demand workout videos, Workout Plans, the Well-Being Club, a newsletter, and other helpful features. The Well-Being Club enhanced feature of the Silver&amp;Fit</li> </ul> |   |


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| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>website allows members the opportunity to view customized resources as well as attend virtual classes and events.</p> <p>For more information about the Silver&amp;Fit program and the list of participating fitness centers and home kits, visit <a href="https://kp.org/SilverandFit">kp.org/SilverandFit</a> or call Silver&amp;Fit customer service at <b>1-877-750-2746</b> (TTY <b>711</b>), Monday through Friday, 5 a.m. to 6 p.m. (PST).</p> <p>The Silver&amp;Fit program is provided by American Specialty Health Fitness, Inc. (ASH Fitness), a subsidiary of American Specialty Health Incorporated (ASH). Silver&amp;Fit is a federally registered trademark of ASH and used with permission herein. Fitness center participation may vary by location and is subject to change.</p>   |   |
| <p><b>Fitness benefit (memory)</b></p> <p>A subscription to online brain training system (called Brain HQ) to improve attention, brain speed, memory, people skills, navigation, and intelligence.</p>  | <p><b>\$0</b></p>                             |
| <p> <b>Health and wellness education programs</b></p> <p>These programs focus on healthy lifestyles such as weight management, bladder control, and falls prevention, and clinical conditions such as diabetes, cholesterol, and pain management. Programs are designed to enrich the wellbeing of members through classes that are available at Kaiser Permanente medical centers and online classes. Other self-guided programs and tools are available online and include recipes, information on a variety of health topics, a health encyclopedia, a drug encyclopedia, videos, digital coaching, health calculators which help members check their progress to better health, walking, and weight control programs. Access to this information as well as online sign-up for classes available in your area can be found at <a href="https://kp.org/healthyliving">kp.org/healthyliving</a> after selecting your region.</p> | <p><b>\$0</b></p>                             |
| <p><b>Hearing services</b></p>  | <p><b>\$40</b> per visit.</p>                 |

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| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</li> </ul>   |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †Hearing aids               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ We provide a <b>\$1,000 allowance</b> per hearing aid, per ear, that you can use toward the purchase of one hearing aid every 36 months. If two aids are required to provide significant improvement that is not obtainable with only one hearing aid, we will cover one hearing aid for each ear. The \$1,000 allowance per ear may only be used once in any 36 month period.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <p>If the hearing aid you purchase costs more than <b>\$1,000, you pay the difference.</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Your allowance is increased if you are enrolled in Advantage Plus Option 1 (see Section 2.3 in this chapter for details).</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †Evaluation and fitting for hearing aids.</li> <li>• †Visits to verify that the hearing aid(s) conforms to the prescription.</li> <li>• †Visits for counseling, adjustment, cleaning, and inspection after the warranty is exhausted.</li> </ul>   | <b>\$0</b>   |
| <p> <b>HIV screening</b></p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One screening exam every 12 months.</li> <li>• For women who are pregnant, we cover up to three screening exams during a pregnancy.</li> </ul>   | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>   |
| <p><b>Home-based palliative care†</b></p> <p>Services not covered by Medicare in the home are provided in the form of palliative care to diminish symptoms of terminally ill members with a life expectancy of 7–12 months. Services include non-Medicare covered interdisciplinary palliative care support from physicians, nurses, and other clinicians providing services in the home.</p>   | <b>\$0</b>   |
| <p><b>Home health agency care†</b></p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will</p>  | <p style="text-align: center;"><b>\$0</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> There is no cost-sharing for home health care services and items</p>   |

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| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <p>order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week).</li> <li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.</li> <li>• Medical and social services.</li> <li>• Medical equipment and supplies.</li> </ul>  | <p>provided in accord with Medicare guidelines. However, the applicable cost-sharing listed elsewhere in this Medical Benefits Chart will apply if the item is covered under a different benefit; for example, durable medical equipment not provided by a home health agency.</p>                     |
| <p><b>Home infusion therapy†</b></p> <p>Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care.</li> <li>• Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit.</li> <li>• Remote monitoring.</li> <li>• Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier.</li> </ul> | <p><b>\$0</b> for professional services, training, and monitoring. The components (such as, Medicare Part B drugs, DME, and medical supplies) needed to perform home infusion may be subject to the applicable cost-sharing listed elsewhere in this Medical Benefits Chart depending on the item.</p> |
| <p><b>Hospice care</b></p> <p>You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have six months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in your plan's service area, including those the</p>   | <p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not our plan.</p>  |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.


\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
| <p>MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs for symptom control and pain relief.</li> <li>• Short-term respite care.</li> <li>• Home care.</li> </ul> <p>When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan, you must continue to pay plan premiums.</p> <p><b>*For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</b> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost-sharing.</p> <p><b>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</b> If you need nonemergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services.</li> <li>• *If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost-sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare).</li> </ul> <p><b>For services that are covered by our plan but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</b> We will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to</p> |   |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.



| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|---|---|
| <p>your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you need nonhospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p>   |   |
| <p>We cover hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>   | <p><b>\$15</b> per primary care visit and <b>\$40</b> per specialty care visit.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Immunizations</b></p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pneumonia vaccine.</li> <li>• Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary.</li> <li>• Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B.</li> <li>• COVID-19 vaccine.</li> <li>• Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules.</li> </ul>   | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p>  |
| <p><b>Inpatient hospital care†</b></p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals, and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>There is no limit to the number of medically necessary hospital days or services that are generally and customarily provided by acute care general hospitals. Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary).</li> <li>• Meals, including special diets.</li> <li>• Regular nursing services.</li> <li>• Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units).</li> <li>• Drugs and medications.</li> <li>• Lab tests.</li> </ul> | <p>Cost-sharing is charged for each inpatient stay.</p> <p>You pay <b>\$300 per day for days 1–5</b> of a hospital stay.</p> <p>Thereafter you pay <b>\$0</b> for the remainder of your covered hospital stay. Also, you do not pay the copayment listed above for the day you are discharged unless you are admitted and discharged on the same day.</p> <p>†If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you are admitted to the hospital in 2023 and are not</p> |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services.</li> <li>• Necessary surgical and medical supplies.</li> <li>• Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs.</li> <li>• Operating and recovery room costs.</li> <li>• Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy.</li> <li>• Inpatient substance abuse services.</li> <li>• Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If we provide transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion, in accord with our travel and lodging guidelines, which are available from Member Services.</li> <li>• Blood—including storage and administration.</li> <li>• Physician services.</li> </ul> | <p>discharged until sometime in 2024, the 2023 cost-sharing will apply to that admission until you are discharged from the hospital or transferred to a skilled nursing facility.</p> |
| <p><b>Note:</b> To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called, <b>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</b> This fact sheet is available on the web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling <b>1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)</b>. TTY users call <b>1-877-486-2048</b>. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>  |   |
| <p><b>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital†</b></p>  | <p>Cost-sharing is charged for each inpatient stay.</p>   |



†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|---|---|
| <p>Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We cover up to 190 days per lifetime for inpatient stays in a Medicare-certified psychiatric hospital. The number of covered lifetime hospitalization days is reduced by the number of inpatient days for mental health treatment previously covered by Medicare in a psychiatric hospital.</li> <li>• The 190-day limit does not apply to mental health stays in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.</li> </ul>   | <p>You pay <b>\$300 per day for days 1–5</b> of a hospital stay.</p> <p>Thereafter you pay <b>\$0</b> for the remainder of your covered hospital stay. Also, you do not pay the copayment listed above for the day you are discharged unless you are admitted and discharged on the same day.</p> <p>Note: If you are admitted to the hospital in 2023 and are not discharged until sometime in 2024, the 2023 cost-sharing will apply to that admission until you are discharged from the hospital or transferred to a skilled nursing facility.</p> |
| <p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a noncovered inpatient stay†</b></p> <p>If you have exhausted your inpatient mental health or skilled nursing facility (SNF) benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient or SNF stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or SNF. Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physician services.</li> <li>• Diagnostic tests (like lab tests).</li> <li>• X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy, including technician materials and services.</li> <li>• Surgical dressings.</li> <li>• Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations.</li> <li>• Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or</li> </ul> | <p>If your inpatient or SNF stay is no longer covered, we will continue to cover Medicare Part B services at the applicable cost-sharing listed elsewhere in this Medical Benefits Chart when provided by network providers.</p>  |


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| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <p>malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition.</li> <li>• Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy.</li> </ul>   |  |
| <p> <b>Medical nutrition therapy†</b></p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and two hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>                     |
| <p> <b>Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</b></p> <p>MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p>   |
| <p><b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs†</b></p> <p>These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:</p>   | <p>For Medicare Part B prescription drugs on our formulary, you pay the following up to a 30-day supply, depending upon the type of pharmacy and drug:</p> |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

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| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump).</li> <li>• Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by our plan.</li> <li>• Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia.</li> <li>• Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant.</li> <li>• Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs.</li> <li>• Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases.</li> </ul>   | <p>Network pharmacy located at a Kaiser Permanente facility or our mail-order pharmacy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$15</b> for generic drugs</li> <li>• <b>\$45</b> for brand-name drugs, except you pay <b>\$35</b> for Part B insulin drugs furnished through an item of DME.</li> </ul> <p>Network affiliated pharmacy that offers standard cost-sharing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$20</b> for generic drugs</li> <li>• <b>\$47</b> for brand-name drugs, except you pay <b>\$35</b> for Part B insulin drugs furnished through an item of DME.</li> </ul> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services.</li> <li>• Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug.</li> <li>• Antigens.</li> <li>• Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa).</li> </ul> | <p>You pay <b>\$0</b> or <b>20% coinsurance</b> depending on the drug (please call Member Services to find out which drugs are provided at a coinsurance). Some drugs may be less than 20% if those drugs are determined to exceed the amount of inflation.</p>   |
| <p><b>Note:</b> We also cover some vaccines under our Part B benefit.</p>   |   |
| <p> <b>Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</b></p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your</p>   | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>  |

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| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|---|---|
| comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.   |   |
| <p><b>Opioid treatment program services†</b></p> <p>Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP), which includes the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications.</li> <li>• Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable).</li> </ul> | <p>You pay <b>\$0 or 20%</b> coinsurance for clinically administered Medicare Part B drugs depending on the drug when provided by an Opioid Treatment Program. Some drugs may be less than 20% if those drugs are determined to exceed the amount of inflation.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Substance use counseling.</li> <li>• Individual and group therapy.</li> <li>• Toxicology testing.</li> <li>• Intake activities.</li> <li>• Periodic assessments.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>\$40</b> per visit.</p>   |
| <p><b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies†</b></p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• X-rays.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>\$10</b> per visit.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Laboratory tests.</li> <li>• Electrocardiograms (EKGs), holter monitoring, and electroencephalograms (EEGs).</li> <li>• Blood—including storage and administration.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>\$0</b></p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy, including technician materials and supplies.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>\$40</b> per visit.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Surgical supplies, such as dressings.</li> <li>• Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>20%</b> coinsurance</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Other outpatient diagnostic tests: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), computed tomography (CT), and positron emission tomography (PET).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | <p><b>\$150</b> per procedure.</p>  |

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| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Ultrasounds.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>\$10</b> per procedure.</p>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Any diagnostic test or special procedure that is provided in an outpatient department of a hospital or ambulatory surgery center or in a hospital operating room, or if it is provided in any setting and a licensed staff member monitors your vital signs as you regain sensation after receiving drugs to reduce sensation or to minimize discomfort.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>\$200</b> per visit.</p>   |
| <p><b>Outpatient hospital observation†</b></p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called, <b>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</b> This fact sheet is available on the web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling <b>1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)</b>. TTY users call <b>1-877-486-2048</b>. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> | <p><b>\$200</b> per stay when admitted directly to the hospital for observation as an outpatient.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> There's no additional charge for outpatient observation stays when transferred for observation from an Emergency Department or following outpatient surgery.</p> |
| <p><b>Outpatient hospital services†</b></p>   | <p><b>Emergency Department</b><br/>                 You pay <b>\$100</b> per visit.</p>  |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services   |
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| <p>We cover medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Services in an Emergency Department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>Outpatient surgery</b><br/><b>\$200</b> per visit.</p> <p>Refer to the "Outpatient hospital observation" section of this Medical Benefits Chart for the cost-sharing applicable to observation services.</p>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>\$0</b></p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• X-rays billed by the hospital.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>\$10</b> for per visit.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Other radiology services billed by the hospital.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>MRI, CT, PET</b><br/><b>\$150</b> for per procedure.</p>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>\$15</b> per day for partial hospitalization.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medical supplies such as splints and casts.</li> </ul>  | <p>You pay <b>20%</b> coinsurance for take home dressings and supplies.</p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself.</li> </ul>  | <p>You pay <b>\$0</b> or <b>20%</b> coinsurance depending on the drug (please call Member Services to find out which drugs are provided at a coinsurance). Some drugs may be less than 20% if those drugs are determined to exceed the amount of inflation.</p> |
| <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called, <b>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</b> This fact sheet is available on the web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling <b>1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)</b>. TTY users call <b>1-877-486-2048</b>. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> |   |
| <p><b>Outpatient mental health care†</b><br/>Covered services include:</p>   | <p>You pay the following, depending upon the type of visit:<br/><b>\$20</b> per individual therapy visit.</p>   |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services   |
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>\$10</b> per group therapy visit.</p>   |
| <p><b>Outpatient rehabilitation services†</b><br/>                     Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p>   | <p><b>\$40</b> per visit.</p>   |
| <p><b>Outpatient substance abuse services†</b><br/>                     Treatment for substance abuse is covered if medically necessary and reasonable for the patient's condition.</p>  | <p>You pay the following, depending upon the type of visit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$20</b> per individual therapy visit.</li> <li>• <b>\$10</b> per group therapy visit.</li> </ul> |
| <p><b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers†</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.</p> | <p><b>\$200</b> per visit.</p>  |
| <p><b>Over-the-Counter (OTC) items</b></p> <p>We cover OTC items listed in our OTC catalog for free home delivery. You may order OTC items each quarter of the year (January, April, July, October) up to the quarterly benefit limit shown in the right column. The catalog lists the price of each item. Each order must be</p>  | <p>You pay <b>\$0</b> up to the <b>\$30</b> quarterly benefit limit.</p>  |

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| <b>Services that are covered for you</b>   | <b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>   |
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| <p>at least \$20. Any unused portion of the quarterly benefit limit doesn't carry forward to the next quarter. To view our catalog and place an order online, please visit <a href="http://kp.org/otc/mas">kp.org/otc/mas</a>. You may place an order over the phone or request a printed catalog be mailed to you by calling <b>1-833-881-1422</b> (TTY <b>711</b>), 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., Monday through Friday.</p>   |  |
| <p><b>Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services†</b></p> <p>"Partial hospitalization" is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment, provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Because there are no community mental health centers in our network, we cover partial hospitalization only as a hospital outpatient service.</p>       | <p><b>\$15</b> per day.</p>  |
| <p>Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.</p>   | <p>You pay the following, depending upon the type of visit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$20</b> per individual therapy visit.</li> <li>• <b>\$10</b> per group therapy visit.</li> </ul>  |
| <p><b>Physician/practitioner services, including doctor's office visits</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †Medically necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location.</li> <li>• †Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist.</li> <li>• †Basic hearing and balance exams performed by a network provider, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment.</li> </ul> | <p><b>Office visits</b></p> <p><b>\$15</b> per visit with a primary care provider (such as such as family medicine, internal medicine, allergy injection visits, or visits with clinical pharmacists).</p> <p><b>\$40</b> per visit with a specialist (such as gynecology, cardiology, orthopedics, gastroenterology, neurology, allergy testing and evaluation, and pain management injections).</p> <p><b>Outpatient surgery</b></p> |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery.</li> <li>• †Nonroutine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician).</li> </ul>   | <p><b>\$200</b> per visit.</p>                |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Certain telehealth services, including: primary and specialty care, which includes cardiac rehabilitation, urgently needed services, physical, speech, and occupational therapies, mental health care, podiatry, diagnostic procedures and tests, substance abuse treatment, dialysis services, kidney disease education, and diabetes self-management training, preparation for surgery or a hospital stay, and follow up visits after a hospital stay, surgery, or Emergency Department visit. Services will only be provided by telehealth when deemed clinically appropriate by the network provider rendering the service.                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. We offer the following means of telehealth:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Interactive video visits for professional services when care can be provided in this format as determined by a network provider.</li> <li>○ Scheduled telephone appointment visits for professional services when care can be provided in this format as determined by a network provider.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>• Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home.</li> <li>• Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location.</li> </ul> | <p><b>\$0</b></p>                             |



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\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location.</li> <li>• Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit.</li> <li>◆ You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services.</li> <li>◆ Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers.</li> <li>• Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5–10 minutes if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ You're not a new patient and,</li> <li>◆ The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and,</li> <li>◆ The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ You're not a new patient and,</li> <li>◆ The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and,</li> <li>◆ The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record.</li> </ul> |   |
| <p><b>Podiatry services†</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs).</li> <li>• Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>Office visits</b><br/>\$40 per visit.</p> <p><b>Outpatient surgery</b><br/>\$200 per visit.</p> |



†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|---|---|
| <p> <b>Prostate cancer screening exams</b></p> <p>For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following—once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Digital rectal exam.</li> <li>• Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test.</li> </ul>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual digital rectal exam or PSA test.</p>   |
| <p><b>Prosthetic devices and related supplies†</b></p> <p>Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery (see "Vision care" later in this section for more detail).</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>20%</b> coinsurance for external prosthetic or orthotic devices and supplies (including wound care supplies).</li> <li>• <b>\$0</b> for surgically implanted internal devices.</li> </ul> |
| <p>We also cover these items not covered by Medicare:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Certain custom-made compression bandages and garments not covered by Medicare and not available over-the-counter.</li> <li>• Therapeutic shoes not covered by Medicare to treat peripheral vascular conditions and neuropathy affecting the legs and feet.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>20%</b> coinsurance</p>   |
| <p><b>Pulmonary rehabilitation services†</b></p> <p>Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>  | <p>You pay <b>\$15</b> per visit.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</b></p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per</p>   | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>   |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|--|--|
| <p>year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>   |  |
| <p> <b>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</b></p> <p>For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p>Eligible members are: People aged 50–77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p> <p>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: The members must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.</p>   |
| <p> <b>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</b></p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p> |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|---|---|
| <p>We also cover up to two individual 20- to 30-minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>   |   |
| <p><b>Services to treat kidney disease†</b><br/>                     Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime.</li> <li>• Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3), or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible).</li> <li>• Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments).</li> <li>• Home dialysis equipment and supplies.</li> <li>• Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and to check your dialysis equipment and water supply).</li> <li>• Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care).</li> </ul> | <p><b>\$0</b></p> <p><b>20%</b> coinsurance</p> <p>No additional charge for services received during a hospital stay. Refer to the "Inpatient hospital care" section of this Medical Benefits Chart for the cost-sharing applicable to inpatient stays.</p> |
| <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B drugs, please go to the section, <b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</b>.</p>  |   |

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\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care†</b><br/>(For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 10 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)</p> <p>We cover up to 100 days per benefit period of skilled inpatient services in a skilled nursing facility in accord with Medicare guidelines (a prior hospital stay is not required). Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary).</li> <li>• Meals, including special diets.</li> <li>• Skilled nursing services.</li> <li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.</li> <li>• Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (this includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors).</li> <li>• Blood, including storage and administration.</li> <li>• Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs.</li> <li>• Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs.</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs.</li> <li>• Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs.</li> <li>• Physician/practitioner services.</li> </ul> <p>Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost-sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care).</li> <li>• A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital.</li> </ul> | <p>Per benefit period, you pay <b>\$0</b> per day for days 1-20 and <b>\$203</b> per day for days 21-100.</p> <p>A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF). The benefit period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 calendar days in a row.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If a benefit period begins in 2023 for you and does not end until sometime in 2024, the 2023 cost-sharing will continue until the benefit period ends.</p> |

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\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.



| Services that are covered for you   | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|---|--|
| <p> <b>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</b></p> <p><b>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</b> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><b>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:</b> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost-sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> |
| <p><b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)†</b></p> <p>SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.</p> <p>Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.</p> <p>The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consist of sessions lasting 30–60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication.</li> <li>• Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office.</li> <li>• Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD.</li> <li>• Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time, if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p> | <p><b>\$25</b> per visit</p>   |

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| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Transportation services</b></p> <p>We cover up to 24 one-way trips per calendar year to take you to and from a network provider when provided by our designated transportation provider.</p> <p>To schedule a ride or find out how many rides you have left for the year (ride balance), please call <b>1-855-932-5412 (TTY 711)</b>, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Rides must be scheduled at least two hours before your pick-up time. You must cancel rides at least 3 hours before the scheduled pick-up time. If not, the ride will be deducted from your annual ride balance.</p>   | <p><b>\$0</b> for 24 one-way trips per calendar year.</p>   |
| <p><b>Urgently needed services</b></p> <p>Urgently needed services are provided to treat a nonemergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider, then we will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network occur if: You are temporarily outside the service area of the plan and require medically needed immediate services for an unforeseen condition but it is not a medical emergency; or it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider. Cost-sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Inside our service area:</b> You must obtain urgent care from network providers, unless our provider network is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible due to an unusual and extraordinary circumstance (for example, major disaster).</li> <li>• <b>Outside our service area:</b> You have worldwide urgent care coverage when you travel if you need medical attention right away for an unforeseen illness</li> </ul> | <p><b>Office visits</b><br/><b>\$40</b> per visit.</p> <p><b>Emergency Department visits</b><br/><b>\$100</b> per Emergency Department visit.</p> |


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\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services   |
|--|---|
| <p>or injury and you reasonably believed that your health would seriously deteriorate if you delayed treatment until you returned to our service area.</p> <p><b>See Chapter 3, Section 3, for more information.</b></p>   |   |
| <p><b>Vision care</b><br/>                     Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration.</li> <li>• †Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts. However, our plan does cover the following exams:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Routine eye exams (eye refraction exams) to determine the need for vision correction and to provide a prescription for eyeglass lenses.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <p>You pay the following depending upon the type of visit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$15</b> per optometrist visit.</li> <li>• <b>\$40</b> per ophthalmologist visit.</li> </ul> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 🍏 For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older.</li> <li>• †For people with diabetes, screening for and monitoring of diabetic retinopathy.</li> </ul>  | <p><b>\$0</b></p>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)</li> <li>• †Corrective lenses/frames (and replacements) needed after a cataract removal without a lens implant.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>20%</b> coinsurance</p> <p><b>*Note:</b> If the eyewear you purchase costs more than what Medicare covers, you pay the difference.</p>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• †<b>Other eyewear:</b> Once every 24 months, we provide a <b>\$200 allowance</b> for you to use toward the purchase price of eyewear from a network optical facility when a network physician or optometrist prescribes an eyeglass or contact lens for vision correction.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>*If the eyewear you purchase costs more than \$200, you pay the difference.</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Your allowance is increased if you are enrolled in Advantage</p>                              |

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\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| Services that are covered for you  | What you must pay when you get these services  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The allowance can be used once every 24 months for the following items:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Eyeglass lenses when a network provider puts the lenses into a frame.</li> <li>◆ Eyeglass frames for refractive purposes.</li> <li>◆ Eyeglass frames when a network provider puts two lenses (at least one of which must have refractive value) into the frame.</li> <li>◆ Contact lenses, fitting, and dispensing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• We will not provide the allowance if we have provided an allowance toward (or otherwise covered) lenses or frames within the last 24 months.</li> <li>• The allowance can only be used at the initial point of sale. If you do not use all of your allowance at the initial point of sale, you cannot use it later.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> This allowance cannot be used for eyewear obtained following cataract surgery.</p> | <p>Plus Option 1 (see Section 2.2 in this chapter for details).</p>                                    |
| <p> <b>Welcome to Medicare preventive visit</b></p> <p>We cover the one-time Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> We cover the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p>  | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p> |
| <p><b>Note:</b> Refer to Chapter 1 (Section 7) and Chapter 9 for information about coordination of benefits that applies to all covered services described in this Medical Benefits Chart.</p>   |  |

## Section 2.2 – Extra optional supplemental benefits you can buy

Our plan offers some extra benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare and not included in your benefits package. These extra benefits are called **optional supplemental benefits**. If you want these optional supplemental benefits, you must sign up for them and you will have to pay

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an additional premium for them. The optional supplemental benefits described in this section are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

We offer two optional supplemental benefits packages called "Advantage Plus." You only receive the benefits described in this section if you are enrolled in one or both of the Advantage Plus options. When you enroll in Advantage Plus Option 1, you are purchasing all the supplemental benefits associated with that option. You cannot purchase just one benefit within Advantage Plus Option 1; for example, hearing aid coverage only.

- Option 1 includes comprehensive dental, hearing aid, and eyewear benefits.
- Option 2 includes comprehensive dental benefits.

### When you can enroll in Advantage Plus

You can enroll in Advantage Plus by selecting it when you complete your Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty enrollment form. If you didn't select Advantage Plus when you enrolled in Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty, you can enroll in Advantage Plus during one of the following times by sending us a completed Advantage Plus enrollment form:

- Between October 15 and December 31, for coverage to become effective on January 1.
- Between January 1 and March 31 or within 30 days of enrolling in Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage. Coverage is effective the first of the month following the date we receive your completed Advantage Plus enrollment form.

### Disenrollment from Advantage Plus

You can terminate your Advantage Plus coverage at any time. Your disenrollment will be effective the first of the month following the date we receive your completed form. Any overpayment of premiums will be refunded. Call Member Services to request a disenrollment form.

If you disenroll from Advantage Plus and want to join in the future, please see "When you can enroll in Advantage Plus" above for the times when you can enroll. Please keep in mind that your hearing aid and eyewear benefits will not renew upon reenrollment because hearing aids are provided once every 36 months and eyewear is provided once every 24 months.

| <b>Advantage Plus Option 1</b><br>(These optional supplemental benefits only apply to members enrolled in Advantage Plus)  | <b>What you must pay*</b>   |
|--|---|
| <b>Additional monthly premium</b><br>This additional monthly premium is added to your Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty plan premium (see Chapter 1, Section 4.1, for more premium information).  | <b>\$18</b>   |
| <b>Additional eyewear coverage†</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enrollment in Advantage Plus increases your standard eyewear allowance described in the Medical Benefits Chart under "Vision care" by adding an additional <b>\$175</b> allowance to your standard</li> </ul> | If the eyewear you purchase costs more than <b>\$375, you pay the difference.</b> |

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\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| <b>Advantage Plus Option 1</b><br>(These optional supplemental benefits only apply to members enrolled in Advantage Plus)  | <b>What you must pay*</b>   |
|--|---|
| <p>allowance, which results in a combined eyewear allowance of <b>\$375</b>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You may use this allowance toward the purchase price of eyewear once every 24 months. If you do not use all of the combined allowance at the initial point of sale, you cannot use it later.</li> <li>Eyewear must be purchased at a network optical facility.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> This allowance does not apply to eyewear obtained following cataract surgery.</p>  |   |
| <p><b>Additional hearing aid coverage†</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enrollment in Advantage Plus increases your standard hearing aid allowance described in the Medical Benefits Chart under "Hearing services" by adding an additional <b>\$1,000</b> allowance to your standard allowance, which results in a combined eyewear allowance of <b>\$2,000</b>.</li> <li>You may use this allowance toward the purchase of one hearing aid every 36 months. If two aids are required to provide significant improvement that is not obtainable with only one hearing aid, we will cover one hearing aid for each ear. The combined allowance per ear may only be used once in any 36-month period. If you do not use all of the combined allowance at the initial point of sale, you cannot use it later.</li> <li>We select the provider or vendor that will furnish the covered hearing aid. Coverage is limited to the types and models of hearing aids furnished by the provider or vendor.</li> </ul> | <p>If the hearing aid you purchase costs more than <b>\$2,000, you pay the difference.</b></p>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluation and fitting for hearing aids.</li> <li>Visits to verify that the hearing aid(s) conforms to the prescription.</li> <li>Visits for counseling, adjustment, cleaning, and inspection after the warranty is exhausted.</li> </ul>   | <p><b>\$0</b></p>   |
| <p><b>Comprehensive dental services</b></p> <p>Enrollment in Advantage Plus Option 1 increases your in-network annual benefit limit for comprehensive dental services as described in the Medical Benefits Chart under "Dental services" by adding an additional <b>\$500</b> to the standard in-network annual benefit limit, which results in a combined in-network annual benefit limit of <b>\$1,000</b>.</p>  | <p><b>50% coinsurance</b> for comprehensive dental care until the plan has paid <b>\$500 (annual benefit limit)</b>. When you reach the \$500 annual benefit limit for comprehensive dental care, you pay</p> |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

| <b>Advantage Plus Option 1</b><br>(These optional supplemental benefits only apply to members enrolled in Advantage Plus)   | <b>What you must pay*</b>   |
|---|---|
| Dental benefits are provided by LIBERTY Dental. To find an in-network dentist, call <b>1-888-650-1859</b> or visit <b>Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists</b> .<br><br><b>Note:</b> For information about the preventive dental benefits included in your health plan, please also refer to the "Dental services" row in the Medical Benefits Chart above. | 100% for the rest of the year.<br><br>This annual benefit limit is added to your plan's base dental benefit for a combined annual benefit limit of <b>\$1,000</b> . |

| <b>Advantage Plus Option 2</b><br>(These optional supplemental benefits only apply to members enrolled in Advantage Plus)  | <b>What you must pay*</b>  |
|--|--|
| <b>Additional monthly premium</b><br>This additional monthly premium is added to your Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage plan premium (see Chapter 1, Section 4.1, for more premium information).  | <p style="text-align: center;"><b>\$23</b></p>   |
| <b>Comprehensive dental services</b><br>Enrollment in Advantage Plus Option 2 increases your in-network annual benefit limit for comprehensive dental services as described in the Medical Benefits Chart under "Dental services" by adding an additional <b>\$1,000</b> to the standard in-network annual benefit limit, which results in a combined in-network annual benefit limit of <b>\$1,500</b> .<br><br>Dental benefits are provided by LIBERTY Dental. To find an in-network dentist, call <b>1-888-650-1859</b> or visit <b>Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists</b> .<br><br><b>Note:</b> For information about the preventive dental benefits included in your health plan, please also refer to the "Dental services" row in the Medical Benefits Chart above. | <b>50% coinsurance</b> for comprehensive dental care until the plan has paid <b>\$1,000 (annual benefit limit)</b> . When you reach the \$1,000 annual benefit limit for comprehensive dental care, you pay 100% for the rest of the year.<br><br>This annual benefit limit is added to your plan's base dental benefit for a combined annual benefit limit of <b>\$1,500</b> .<br><br>If you enroll in both Advantage Plus Option 1 and Advantage Plus Option 2, your |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Advantage Plus Option 2</b><br>(These optional supplemental benefits only apply to members enrolled in Advantage Plus) | <b>What you must pay*</b>                                      |
|   | combined annual benefit limit is increased to <b>\$2,000</b> . |

## Section 3 — What services are not covered by our plan?

### Section 3.1 – Services we do not cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are excluded from Medicare coverage and, therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3, in this document.)

| Services not covered by Medicare   | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions                                       |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Acupuncture  |                                 | Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances. |
| Care in an intermediate or residential care facility, assisted living facility, or adult foster home | Not covered under any condition |  |
| Conception by artificial means, such as in vitro fertilization, zygote                               | Not covered under any condition |  |

†Your provider must obtain prior authorization from our plan.

\*Cost-sharing for these services or items doesn't apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.



| <b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>   | <b>Not covered under any condition</b> | <b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>  |
|---|--|--|
| intrafallopian transfers, ovum transplants, and gamete intrafallopian transfers (except artificial insemination and related services covered by Medicare)   |  |  |
| Cosmetic surgery or procedures  |  | <p>Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member.</p> <p>Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.</p> |
| <p>Custodial care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.</li> </ul> | Not covered under any condition        |  |
| Elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging, and mental performance)  |  | Covered if medically necessary and covered under Original Medicare.  |

| <b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>  | <b>Not covered under any condition</b> | <b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>   |
|--|--|---|
| <p>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment, and medications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</li> </ul>   |  | <p>May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study. (See Chapter 3, Section 5, for more information about clinical research studies.)</p> |
| <p>The following eyewear services and items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lens protection plan.</li> <li>• Nonprescription products.</li> <li>• Industrial or safety lenses and frames.</li> <li>• Lenses and sunglasses without refractive value, except that this exclusion doesn't apply to a clear balance lens if only one eye needs correction or tinted lenses when medically necessary to treat macular degeneration or retinitis pigmentosa.</li> </ul> | <p>Not covered under any condition</p> |   |

| Services not covered by Medicare  | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions   |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replacement of lost, broken, or damaged lenses or frames.</li> <li>• Eyeglass or contact lens adornment.</li> <li>• Eyewear items that do not require a prescription by law (other than eyeglass frames or a covered balance lens).</li> </ul> |                                 |  |
| Fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household   | Not covered under any condition |  |
| Full-time nursing care in your home   | Not covered under any condition |  |
| Home-delivered meals  | Not covered under any condition |  |
| Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.  | Not covered under any condition |  |
| Licensed ambulance services without transport   |                                 | Covered if the ambulance transports you or if covered by Medicare.                           |
| Massage therapy   |                                 | Covered when ordered as part of physical therapy program in accord with Medicare guidelines. |
| Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments)  | Not covered under any condition |  |

| <b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>  | <b>Not covered under any condition</b> | <b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>  |
|--|--|--|
| Nonconventional intraocular lenses (IOLs) following cataract surgery (for example, a presbyopia-correcting IOL)  | Not covered under any condition        |  |
| Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet  |  | Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease. |
| Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility such as a telephone or a television  | Not covered under any condition        |  |
| Physical exams and other services (1) required for obtaining or maintaining employment or participation in employee programs, (2) required for insurance or licensing, or (3) on court order or required for parole or probation |  | Covered if a network physician determines that the services are medically necessary or medically appropriate preventive care.                        |
| Private duty nursing   | Not covered under any condition        |  |
| Private room in a hospital   |  | Covered when medically necessary.  |
| Psychological testing for ability, aptitude, intelligence, or interest   | Not covered under any condition        |  |

| <b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>  | <b>Not covered under any condition</b> | <b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>   |
|--|--|---|
| Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low-vision aids  | Not covered under any condition        |   |
| Reconstructive surgery that offers only a minimal improvement in appearance or is performed to alter or reshape normal structures of the body in order to improve appearance |  | We cover reconstructive surgery to correct or repair abnormal structures of the body caused by congenital defect, developmental abnormalities, accidental injury, trauma, infection, tumors, or disease, if a network physician determines that it is necessary to improve function, or create a normal appearance, to the extent possible. |
| Reversal of sterilization procedures and non-prescription contraceptive supplies   | Not covered under any condition        |   |
| Routine chiropractic care  |  | Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.   |
| Routine foot care  |  | Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (for example, if you have diabetes).  |
| Routine hearing exams  | Not covered under any condition        |   |
| Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards   |  | This exclusion doesn't apply to services or items that aren't covered by Original Medicare but are covered by our plan.   |
| Services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities  |  | When emergency services are received at a VA hospital and the VA cost-sharing is more than the cost-sharing under our plan, we will reimburse veterans for the  |

| Services not covered by Medicare                              | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions  |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
|   |                                 | difference. Members are still responsible for our plan's cost-sharing amounts.  |
| Services related to noncovered services or items              |                                 | When a service or item is not covered, all services related to the noncovered service or item are excluded, (1) except for services or items we would otherwise cover to treat complications of the noncovered service or item, or (2) unless covered in accord with Medicare guidelines. |
| Services to reverse voluntary, surgically induced infertility | Not covered under any condition |   |
| Travel and lodging expenses                                   |                                 | We may pay certain expenses that we preauthorize in accord with our travel and lodging guidelines.  |

### Section 3.2 – Dental limitations and exclusions

#### Dental general terms and conditions

Subject to the terms, conditions, limitations, and exclusions specified in this **Evidence of Coverage** including Section 3.2 of this chapter and Chapter 12, you may receive covered dental services from participating dental providers.

Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of the Mid-Atlantic States, Inc. has entered into an agreement with LIBERTY Dental Plan to provide covered dental services through participating dental providers.

Please note that some services require clinical review for pre-authorization approval prior to treatment. Certain documentation must be submitted with these pre-authorization requests. These services are clinically reviewed using the provided documentation to determine if they are indicated and appropriate based on industry standards, and that they meet all requirements specific to such service as outlined in LIBERTY's clinical criteria and guidelines. Any treatment which, in the opinion of LIBERTY's dental director, is not necessary or does not meet our plan's criteria will not be covered. If the required documentation is not provided, the service cannot be adequately reviewed and will therefore be denied. If the prior authorization is denied for any reason, the service will not be covered, and you will be responsible for all associated costs.

Coverage is limited to the services listed in the Medical Benefit Chart. If a service is not listed, it is not included and is not covered. To locate a network provider or to review LIBERTY Dental Plan's clinical guidelines, you may call LIBERTY's Member Services at **1-888-650-1859** or search the LIBERTY Dental online provider directory at **Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists**. It is recommended that you work with your in-network

dentist to check benefit coverage prior to obtaining dental services. If you choose to use a provider outside of the network, the services you receive will not be covered.

Additional limitations and exclusions are listed below:

- You may obtain a list of participating dental providers by visiting or for assistance concerning dental coverage questions, or for help finding a participating dental provider **Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists** or by contacting LIBERTY Dental Plan at the numbers listed below or Kaiser Permanente's Member Services Department at **1-888-777-5536 (TTY 711)** 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
- LIBERTY's Integrated Voice Response System is available 24 hours a day for information about participating dental providers in your area, or to help you select a participating dental provider. The most up-to-date list of participating dental providers can be found at the following website: **Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists**.

LIBERTY also provides many other secure features online at **Libertydentalplan.com**.

### **Exclusions**

Some services are clinically reviewed to determine if the services are necessary and appropriate based upon industry standards and LIBERTY clinical guidelines. Below are some of LIBERTY's clinical criteria and guidelines. Access to a complete and comprehensive list of LIBERTY's clinical criteria and guidelines is available through Member Services at **1-888-650-1859** or search the LIBERTY Dental member site at **Libertydentalplan.com/kaiserdentists**. Services requested without the required documentation provided will be denied.

- Requests for crowns, root canals and partial dentures require the tooth/teeth to have a good long-term restorative, endodontic, and periodontal (at least 50% bone support) prognosis for approval.
- Requests for crowns on teeth without root canal treatment must show evidence of decay, fracture, failing restoration, etc., undermining more than 50% of the tooth.
- Replacement of an existing crown, partial or denture which, in the opinion of LIBERTY's Dental Director, is satisfactory or that can be made satisfactory is not covered.
- Cosmetic or experimental dental services, and/or procedures not generally performed in a general dentist office.
  - ◆ Crowns for the purposes of esthetics, or as a result of normal wear & attrition, recession, abfraction and/or abrasion are not covered.
- Any procedure not specifically listed as a covered benefit in the Medical Benefits Chart or Advantage Plus sections above.
  - ◆ Any requested services that are in conjunction or reliant upon the completion of a denied service will also be denied.
- Any treatment covered under an individual or group medical plan, auto insurance, no fault auto insurance or uninsured motorist policy, to the extent permitted by federal or state statute, is not covered.
- Treatment as a result of civil insurrection, duty as a member of the armed forces of any state or country, engaging in an act of declared or undeclared war, intentional or unintentional

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nuclear explosion or other release of nuclear energy, whether in peacetime or wartime, is not covered.

- Services for injuries and/or conditions which are paid or payable under Worker's Compensation or Employer Liability Laws, and treatment provided without cost to you by any municipality, county, or other political subdivision is not covered.
- Fees related to broken appointments, preparing or copying dental reports, duplication of X-rays, itemized bills or claim forms are not covered.
- Cost of hospitalization and/or pharmaceuticals.
- Any services performed by a non-network general dentist or non-network specialist.
- Services that cannot be performed because of the general health of the patient.
- Services which are not consistent with the usual and customary services provided by a network general dentist or specialist.
- Any dental treatment started prior to the member's effective date.
- Treatment related to cysts, neoplasms and/or malignancies.
- Services which, in the opinion of the network general dentist or specialist, are not necessary for the patient's dental health.



## **Chapter 5 — Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services**

### **Section 1 — Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services**

Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of our plan or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask us to pay you back (paying you back is often called reimbursing you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost-sharing as discussed in this document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

#### **When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our network**

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network.

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care. If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  - ◆ If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  - ◆ If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### **When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay**

Network providers should always bill us directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called balance billing. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service, and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under our plan.

### **If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan**

Sometimes a person's enrollment in our plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

## **Section 2 — How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received**

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. You must submit your claim to us within 12 months of the date you received the service or item.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment. You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster. You can file a claim to request payment by:

- Completing and submitting our electronic form at **kp.org** and upload supporting documentation.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website (**kp.org**) or call Member Services and ask them to send you the form. Mail the completed form to our Claims Department address listed below.
- If you are unable to get the form, you can file your request for payment by sending us the following information to our Claims Department address listed below:
  - ◆ A statement with the following information:
    - Your name (member/patient name) and medical/health record number.

- The date you received the services.
- Where you received the services.
- Who provided the services.
- Why you think we should pay for the services.
- Your signature and date signed. (If you want someone other than yourself to make the request, we will also need a completed "Appointment of Representative" form, which is available at **kp.org**.)
- ◆ A copy of the bill, your medical record(s) for these services, and your receipt if you paid for the services.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Kaiser Permanente  
Claims Department  
Mid-Atlantic States Region  
P.O. Box 371860  
Denver, CO 80237-9998

## **Section 3 — We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no**

### **Section 3.1 – We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe**

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When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your right to appeal that decision.

### **Section 3.2 – If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal**

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If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.

## Chapter 6 — Your rights and responsibilities

### Section 1 — We must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of our plan

#### Section 1.1 – We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, large print or braille)

Our plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how our plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to: provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English-speaking members. We can also give you information in large print or braille at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about our plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in our network for a specialty are not available, it is our responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost-sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in our network that cover a service you need, call us for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost-sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Member Services. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)** or directly with the Office for Civil Rights **1-800-368-1019** or TTY **1-800-537-7697**.

#### Section 1.2 – We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in our network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral, as well as other providers described in Chapter 3, Section 2.2.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from our network of providers within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells you what you can do.

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### **Section 1.3 – We must protect the privacy of your personal health information**

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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in our plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a **Notice of Privacy Practices**, that tells you about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

#### **How do we protect the privacy of your health information?**

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - ◆ We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - ◆ Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

#### **You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others**

You have the right to look at your medical records held by our plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

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### **Section 1.4 – We must give you information about our plan, our network of providers, and your covered services**

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As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

**If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:**

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about our plan's financial condition.

- **Information about our network providers.**
  - ◆ You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.**
  - ◆ Chapter 3 and Chapter 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.**
  - ◆ Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service is not covered or if your coverage is restricted.
  - ◆ Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

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### **Section 1.5 – We must support your right to make decisions about your care**

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#### **You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care**

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say "no."** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

#### **You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself**

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, if you want to, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance of these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an **advance directive** to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, take a copy with you to the hospital.

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

**Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive** (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

**What if your instructions are not followed?**

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with:

| <b>District of Columbia Residents</b>  | <b>Maryland Residents</b>  | <b>Virginia Residents</b>   |
|--|--|---|
| District of Columbia<br>Department of Insurance,<br>Securities and Banking<br>810 First St., NE, Suite 701<br>Washington, DC 20002 | Maryland Insurance<br>Administration<br>Consumer Complaint<br>Investigation<br>200 St. Paul Place, Suite 2700<br>Baltimore, MD 21202 | State Corporation<br>Commission<br>Virginia Bureau of<br>Insurance<br>P.O. Box 1157<br>Richmond, VA 23218 |

### **Section 1.6 – You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made**

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If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells you what you can do. Whatever you do—ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint—we are required to treat you fairly.

### **Section 1.7 – What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?**

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#### **If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly, your dignity has not been recognized, or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at **1-800-368-1019** or TTY **1-800-537-7697** or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

#### **Is it about something else?**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, and it's not about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call Member Services.
- You can call the SHIP. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or you can call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY **1-877-486-2048**).

### **Section 1.8 – How to get more information about your rights**

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There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- **You can call Member Services.**
- **You can call the SHIP.** For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- **You can contact Medicare:**
  - ◆ You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication **Medicare Rights & Protections**. (The publication is available at [www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf).)
  - ◆ Or you can call **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY **1-877-486-2048**).

### **Section 1.9 – Information about new technology assessments**

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Rapidly changing technology affects health care and medicine as much as any other industry. To determine whether a new drug or other medical development has long-term benefits, our plan carefully monitors and evaluates new technologies for inclusion as covered benefits. These technologies include medical procedures, medical devices, and new drugs.



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## **Section 1.10 – You can make suggestions about rights and responsibilities**

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As a member of our plan, you have the right to make recommendations about the rights and responsibilities included in this chapter. Please call Member Services with any suggestions.

## **Section 2 — You have some responsibilities as a member of our plan**

Things you need to do as a member of our plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this **Evidence of Coverage** document to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - ◆ Chapter 3 and Chapter 4 give the details about your medical services.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, or separate prescription drug coverage, you are required to tell us.**
  - ◆ Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - ◆ To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health care providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - ◆ Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - ◆ If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - ◆ You must continue to pay a premium for your Medicare Part B to remain a member of our plan.
  - ◆ For some of your medical services covered by our plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service.
- **If you move within your plan's service area,** we need to know so we can keep your membership record up-to-date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move outside of your plan's service area,** you cannot remain a member of our plan.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

## **Chapter 7 — What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

### **Section 1 — Introduction**

#### **Section 1.1 – What to do if you have a problem or concern**

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This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals.
- For other problems, you need to use the process for making complaints, also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by you and us.

The guide in Section 3 of this chapter will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

#### **Section 1.2 – What about the legal terms?**

---

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful, and sometimes quite important, for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

### **Section 2 — Where to get more information and personalized assistance**

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to Member Services for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

#### **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help

you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3, of this document.

### **Medicare**

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.
- You can also visit the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)).

## **Section 3 — To deal with your problem, which process should you use?**

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

### **Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?**

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

- **Yes.**
  - ◆ Go on to the next section in this chapter, Section 4: "**A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.**"
- **No.**
  - ◆ Skip ahead to Section 8 at the end of this chapter: "**How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns.**"

## **COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS**

### **Section 4 — A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals**

#### **Section 4.1 – Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals—the big picture**

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Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

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## Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the **Evidence of Coverage** makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

## Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances, a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See Section 5.4 of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 7 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

## **Section 4.2 – How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal**

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Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call us at Member Services.
- You can get free help from your SHIP.
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the **Appointment of Representative** form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf) or on our website at [kp.org](http://kp.org).
  - ◆ For medical care or Medicare Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - ◆ If you want a friend, relative, or another person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the Appointment of Representative form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf) or on our website at [kp.org](http://kp.org).) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person whom you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
  - ◆ While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You may contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

## **Section 4.3 – Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?**

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There are three different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** in this chapter: "Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision."

- **Section 6** in this chapter: "How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon."
- **Section 6** in this chapter: "How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon" (applies only to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services).

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

## **Section 5 — Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision**

### **Section 5.1 – This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care**

---

This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: "Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)." In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Medicare Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells you what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
- We will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
- You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**
- You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, and you want to ask us to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
- You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

**Note:** If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Section 7 and Section 8 of this chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

### **Section 5.2 – Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision**

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|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Legal Terms</b> | When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an <b>organization determination</b> . A fast coverage decision is called an <b>expedited determination</b> . |
|--------------------|---|

**Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.**

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may only ask for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
  - ◆ Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
  - ◆ Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - ◆ Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

**Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.**

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

**Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.**

For standard coverage decisions, we use the standard deadlines.

**This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For fast coverage decisions we use an expedited time frame.

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

**Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

**Section 5.3 – Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal**

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|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Legal Terms</b> | An appeal to our plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan <b>reconsideration</b> . A fast appeal is also called an <b>expedited reconsideration</b> . |
|--------------------|---|

**Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.**

**A standard appeal is usually made within 30 days or 7 days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.**

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

**Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a fast appeal**

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may



include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

- You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

### **Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed possibly contacting you or your doctor.

### **Deadlines for a fast appeal**

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - ◆ However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - ◆ If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

### **Deadlines for a standard appeal**

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
  - ◆ However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - ◆ If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

- ◆ If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

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### Section 5.4 – Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

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|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legal Term</b> | The formal name for the <b>independent review organization</b> is the <b>Independent Review Entity</b> . It is sometimes called the <b>IRE</b> . |
|-------------------|--|

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

#### **Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.**

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file. We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

#### **If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2**

- For the fast appeal, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

#### **If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2**

- For the standard appeal, if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14

more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

**Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.**

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage **within 72 hours** or provide the service **within 14 calendar days** after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have **72 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B prescription drug **within 72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called **upholding the decision** or **turning down your appeal**.)
- In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:
  - ◆ Explaining its decision.
  - ◆ Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal, if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
  - ◆ Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

**Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

**Section 5.5 – What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?**

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Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells you how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

### **Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- If we say yes to your request: If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- If we say no to your request: If the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, **please note:**

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

## **Section 6 — How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon**

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

## **Section 6.1 – During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights**

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Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called **An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights**. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY **1-877-486-2048**).

- **Read this notice carefully** and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you about:
  - ◆ Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
  - ◆ Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
  - ◆ Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
  - ◆ Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.
- **You will be asked to sign the written notice** to show that you received it and understand your rights.
  - ◆ You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
  - ◆ Signing the notice shows **only** that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.
- **Keep your copy** of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.
  - ◆ If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
  - ◆ To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**. You can also see the notice online at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices).

## **Section 6.2 – Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

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If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**

- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your SHIP, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.**

**How can you contact this organization?**

The written notice you received (**An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights**) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

**Act quickly**

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization before you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge**.
  - ◆ **If you meet this deadline**, you may stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  - ◆ **If you do not meet this deadline**, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge, the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services or **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.) Or you can see a sample notice online at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices).

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives you your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

**Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.**

**What happens if the answer is yes?**

- If the review organization says yes, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

**What happens if the answer is no?**

- If the review organization says **no**, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, our coverage for **your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says no to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care** you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

If the Quality Improvement Organization has said **no** to your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to **Level 2** of the appeals process.

**Section 6.3 – Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

You must ask for this review within **60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

**If the review organization says yes:**

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

**If the review organization says no:**

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called upholding the decision.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells you more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**Section 6.4 – What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date?**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legal Term</b> | A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an <b>expedited appeal</b> . |
|-------------------|--|

**You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another



way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

### **Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 alternate appeal**

#### **Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.**

- **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

#### **Step 2: We do a fast review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.**

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

#### **Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.**

- **If we say yes to your appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your appeal,** we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
- **If you stayed in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.**

**Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

### **Step-by-step: Level 2 alternate appeal process**

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|-------------------|---|
| <b>Legal Term</b> | The formal name for the independent review organization is the <b>Independent Review Entity</b> . It is sometimes called the <b>IRE</b> . |
|-------------------|---|

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

#### **Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.**

We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization **within 24 hours** of when we tell you that we are saying **no** to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 in this chapter tells you how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue our plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal**, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
  - ◆ The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal with the review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 3: If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say **no** to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells you more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

## **Section 7 — How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon**

### **Section 7.1 – This section is only about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services**

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When you are getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, **we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.**

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

## Section 7.2 – We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

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|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legal Term</b> | <b>Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.</b> It tells you how you can request a <b>fast-track appeal</b> . Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. |
|-------------------|--|

1. **You receive a notice in writing** at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:

- The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
- How to request a fast track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.

2. **You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it.** Signing the notice shows only that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan's decision to stop care.

## Section 7.3 – Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

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If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your SHIP, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

**Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You must act quickly.**

**How can you contact this organization?**

- The written notice you received (**Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage**) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

**Act quickly:**

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the **Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage**.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Legal Term</b> | <b>Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.</b> Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage. |
|-------------------|---|

**What happens during this review?**

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you or your representative why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage** from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

**Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.**

**What happens if the reviewers say yes?**

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services **for as long as it is medically necessary**.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

**What happens if the reviewers say no?**

- If the reviewers say **no**, then **your coverage will end** on the date we have told you.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after this date when your coverage ends, **then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself**.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

- If reviewers say no to your Level 1 appeal, and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

## **Section 7.4 – Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time**

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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end.

### **Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

**You must ask for this review within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

### **Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

### **Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

#### **What happens if the review organization says yes?**

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue** providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

#### **What happens if the review organization says no?**

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

### **Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells you more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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## Section 7.5 – What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

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### You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

### Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate appeal

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legal Term</b> | A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an <b>expedited appeal</b> . |
|-------------------|--|

#### Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

- **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

#### Step 2: We do a fast review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending our plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

#### Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

- **If we say yes to your appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end, **then you will have to pay the full cost of this care.**

#### Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Legal Term</b> | The formal name for the independent review organization is the <b>Independent Review Entity</b> . It is sometimes called the <b>IRE</b> . |
|-------------------|---|

### Step-by-step: Level 2 Alternate appeal process

During the Level 2 appeal, the independent review organization reviews the decision we made to your fast appeal. This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. **The**

**independent review organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

**Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.**

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization **within 24 hours** of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells you how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal**, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - ◆ The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

**Step 3: If the independent review organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells you more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

## **Section 8 — Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond**

### **Section 8.1 – Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Requests**

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This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

**Level 3 appeal: An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.**

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
  - ◆ If we decide **not** to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - ◆ If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
  - ◆ If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - ◆ If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

**Level 4 appeal: The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.**

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
  - ◆ If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
  - ◆ If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
  - ◆ If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - ◆ If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

**Level 5 appeal: A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.**

- A judge will review all of the information and decide yes or no to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.



## **MAKING COMPLAINTS**

### **Section 9 — How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns**

#### **Section 9.1 – What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?**

The complaint process is only used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

| <b>Complaint</b>  | <b>Example</b>   |
|---|--|
| <b>Quality of your medical care</b>                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Respecting your privacy</b>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li> <li>• Are you unhappy with our Member Services?</li> <li>• Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Waiting times</b>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li> <li>• Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan?                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| <b>Cleanliness</b>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Information you get from us</b>                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Did we fail to give you a required notice?</li> <li>• Is our written information hard to understand?</li> </ul>   |

| Complaint  | Example   |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Timeliness</b><br/>                     (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ You asked us for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, and we have said no; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>◆ You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>◆ You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services that were approved; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>◆ You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

## Section 9.2 – How to make a complaint

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <p><b>Legal Terms</b></p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A <b>complaint</b> is also called a <b>grievance</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Making a complaint</b> is also called <b>filing a grievance</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Using the process for complaints</b> is also called <b>using the process for filing a grievance</b>.</li> <li>• A <b>fast complaint</b> is also called an <b>expedited grievance</b>.</li> </ul> |
|---------------------------|--|

## Section 9.3 – Step-by-step: Making a complaint

### Step 1: Contact us promptly—either by phone or in writing.

- **Usually calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied),** you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to you in writing. We will also respond in writing when you make a complaint by phone if you request a written response or your complaint is related to quality of care.
- **If you have a complaint, we will try to resolve your complaint over the phone.** If we cannot resolve your complaint over the phone, we have a formal procedure to review your complaints. Your grievance must explain your concern, such as why you are dissatisfied with the services you received. Please see Chapter 2 for whom you should contact if you have a complaint.
  - ◆ You must submit your grievance to us (orally or in writing) within 60 calendar days of the event or incident. We must address your grievance as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the

time frame to make our decision by up to 14 calendar days if you ask for an extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest.

- ◆ You can file a fast grievance about our decision not to expedite a coverage decision or appeal for medical care or items, or if we extend the time we need to make a decision about a coverage decision or appeal for medical care or items. We must respond to your fast grievance **within 24 hours**.
- The deadline for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

### **Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.**

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer **within 24 hours**.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

### **Section 9.4 – You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization**

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When your complaint is about quality of care, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **Or you can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

### **Section 9.5 – You can also tell Medicare about your complaint**

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You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx](http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx). You may also call **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**. TTY/TDD users can call **1-877-486-2048**.

## Chapter 8 — Ending your membership in our plan

### Section 1 — Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in our plan may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you want to leave. Section 2 and Section 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 in this chapter tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, we must continue to provide your medical care and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

### Section 2 — When can you end your membership in our plan?

#### Section 2.1 – You can end your membership during the annual enrollment period

You can end your membership in our plan during the **annual enrollment period** (also known as the **annual open enrollment period**). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- **The annual enrollment period** is from **October 15 to December 7**.
- **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - ◆ Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
  - ◆ Original Medicare **with** a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - ◆ Or Original Medicare **without** a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- **Your membership will end in our plan** when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

#### Section 2.2 – You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage open enrollment period

You have the opportunity to make **one** change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage open enrollment period**.

- **The annual Medicare Advantage open enrollment period** is from January 1 to March 31.
- **During the annual Medicare Advantage open enrollment period**, you can:
  - ◆ Switch to another Medicare Advantage plan with or without prescription drug coverage.

- ◆ Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

### **Section 2.3 – In certain situations, you can end your membership during a special enrollment period**

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In certain situations, members of our plan may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **special enrollment period**.

**You may be eligible to end your membership during a special enrollment period** if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples; for the full list, you can contact our plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have Medicaid.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- If you enroll in the Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**The enrollment time periods vary** depending upon your situation.

**To find out if you are eligible for a special enrollment period**, please call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call **1-877-486-2048**. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
- Original Medicare **with** a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- Or Original Medicare **without** a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

**Your membership will usually end** on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

### **Section 2.4 – Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?**

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If you have any questions about ending your membership, you can:

- **Call Member Services.**
- Find the information in the **Medicare & You 2024** handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY **1-877-486-2048**).

### Section 3 — How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

| If you would like to switch from our plan to:  | This is what you should do:   |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Another Medicare health plan.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan.</li> <li>• You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original Medicare <b>with</b> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> </ul>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> <li>• You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original Medicare <b>without</b> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Send us a written request to disenroll.</b> Contact Member Services if you need more information about how to do this.</li> <li>• You can also contact Medicare at <b>1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)</b>, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call <b>1-877-486-2048</b>.</li> <li>• You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</li> </ul> |

**Note:** If you also have creditable prescription drug coverage (e.g., standalone PDP) and disenroll from that coverage, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later after going without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row.

### Section 4 — Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services, through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical services, items, through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

## **Section 5 — We must end your membership in our plan in certain situations**

### **Section 5.1 – When must we end your membership in our plan?**

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**We must end your membership in our plan if any of the following happen:**

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
  - ◆ If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.
  - ◆ If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

#### **Where can you get more information?**

If you have questions or would like more information about when we can end your membership, call Member Services.

### **Section 5.2 – We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason**

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We are not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

#### **What should you do if this happens?**

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)** 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY **1-877-486-2048**).

### **Section 5.3 – You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan**

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If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

## Chapter 9 — Legal notices

### Section 1 — Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this **Evidence of Coverage** document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

### Section 2 — Notice about nondiscrimination

**We don't discriminate** based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at **1-800-368-1019** (TTY **1-800-537-7697**) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

### Section 3 — Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any state laws.



## **Section 4 — Administration of this Evidence of Coverage**

We may adopt reasonable policies, procedures, and interpretations to promote orderly and efficient administration of this **Evidence of Coverage**.

## **Section 5 — Applications and statements**

You must complete any applications, forms, or statements that we request in our normal course of business or as specified in this **Evidence of Coverage**.

## **Section 6 — Assignment**

You may not assign this **Evidence of Coverage** or any of the rights, interests, claims for money due, benefits, or obligations hereunder without our prior written consent.

## **Section 7 — Attorney and advocate fees and expenses**

In any dispute between a member and Health Plan, Medical Group, or plan hospitals, each party will bear its own fees and expenses, including attorneys' fees, advocates' fees, and other expenses, except as otherwise required by law.

## **Section 8 — Coordination of benefits**

As described in Chapter 1, Section 7, "How other insurance works with our plan," if you have other insurance, you are required to use your other coverage in combination with your coverage as a Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty plan member to pay for the care you receive. This is called "coordination of benefits" because it involves coordinating all of the health benefits that are available to you. You will get your covered care as usual from network providers, and the other coverage you have will simply help pay for the care you receive.

If your other coverage is the primary payer, it will often settle its share of payment directly with us, and you will not have to be involved. However, if payment owed to us by a primary payer is sent directly to you, you are required by Medicare law to give this primary payment to us. For more information about primary payments in third party liability situations, see Section 16 in this chapter, and for primary payments in workers' compensation cases, see Section 18 in this chapter.

You must tell us if you have other health care coverage, and let us know whenever there are any changes in your additional coverage.

## **Section 9 — Employer responsibility**

For any services that the law requires an employer to provide, we will not pay the employer, and when we cover any such services, we may recover the value of the services from the employer.

## **Section 10 — Evidence of Coverage binding on members**

By electing coverage or accepting benefits under this **Evidence of Coverage**, all members legally capable of contracting, and the legal representatives of all members incapable of contracting, agree to all provisions of this **Evidence of Coverage**.

## **Section 11 — Government agency responsibility**

For any services that the law requires be provided only by or received only from a government agency, we will not pay the government agency, and when we cover any such services we may recover the value of the services from the government agency.

## **Section 12 — Member nonliability**

Our contracts with network providers provide that you are not liable for any amounts we owe. However, you are liable for the cost of noncovered services you obtain from network providers or out-of-network providers.

## **Section 13 — No waiver**

Our failure to enforce any provision of this **Evidence of Coverage** will not constitute a waiver of that or any other provision, or impair our right thereafter to require your strict performance of any provision.

## **Section 14 — Notices**

Our notices to you will be sent to the most recent address we have. You are responsible for notifying us of any change in your address. If you move, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back of this document) and Social Security at **1-800-772-1213** (TTY **1-800-325-0778**) as soon as possible to report your address change.

## **Section 15 — Overpayment recovery**

We may recover any overpayment we make for services from anyone who receives such an overpayment or from any person or organization obligated to pay for the services.

## Section 16 — Third party liability

As stated in Chapter 1, Section 7, third parties who cause you injury or illness (and/or their insurance companies) usually must pay first before Medicare or our plan. Therefore, we are entitled to pursue these primary payments. If you obtain a judgment or settlement from or on behalf of a third party who allegedly caused an injury or illness for which you received covered services, you must ensure we receive reimbursement for those services.

**Note:** This "Third party liability" section does not affect your obligation to pay cost-sharing for these services.

To the extent permitted or required by law, we shall be subrogated to all claims, causes of action, and other rights you may have against a third party or an insurer, government program, or other source of coverage for monetary damages, compensation, or indemnification on account of the injury or illness allegedly caused by the third party. We will be so subrogated as of the time we mail or deliver a written notice of our exercise of this option to you or your attorney.

To secure our rights, we will have a lien and reimbursement rights to the proceeds of any judgment or settlement you or we obtain against a third party that results in any settlement proceeds or judgment, from other types of coverage that include but are not limited to: liability, uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist, personal umbrella, workers' compensation, personal injury, medical payments and all other first party types. The proceeds of any judgment or settlement that you or we obtain shall first be applied to satisfy our lien, regardless of whether you are made whole and regardless of whether the total amount of the proceeds is less than the actual losses and damages you incurred. We are not required to pay attorney fees or costs to any attorney hired by you to pursue your damages claim. If you reimburse us without the need for legal action, we will allow a procurement cost discount. If we have to pursue legal action to enforce its interest, there will be no procurement discount.

Within 30 days after submitting or filing a claim or legal action against a third party, you must send written notice of the claim or legal action to:

Kaiser Permanente  
Attention: Patient Financial Services Department  
2101 East Jefferson Street  
Rockville, Maryland 20852

In order for us to determine the existence of any rights we may have and to satisfy those rights, you must complete and send us all consents, releases, authorizations, assignments, and other documents, including lien forms directing your attorney, the third party, and the third party's liability insurer to pay us directly. You may not agree to waive, release, or reduce our rights under this provision without our prior, written consent.

If your estate, parent, guardian, or conservator asserts a claim against a third party based on your injury or illness, your estate, parent, guardian, or conservator and any settlement or judgment recovered by the estate, parent, guardian, or conservator shall be subject to our liens and other rights to the same extent as if you had asserted the claim against the third party. We may assign our rights to enforce our liens and other rights.

## **Section 17 — U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs**

For any services for conditions arising from military service that the law requires the Department of Veterans Affairs to provide, we will not pay the Department of Veterans Affairs, and when we cover any such services we may recover the value of the services from the Department of Veterans Affairs.

## **Section 18 — Workers' compensation or employer's liability benefits**

As stated in Chapter 1, Section 7, workers' compensation usually must pay first before Medicare or our plan. Therefore, we are entitled to pursue primary payments under workers' compensation or employer's liability law. You may be eligible for payments or other benefits, including amounts received as a settlement (collectively referred to as "Financial Benefit"), under workers' compensation or employer's liability law. We will provide covered services even if it is unclear whether you are entitled to a Financial Benefit, but we may recover the value of any covered services from the following sources:

- From any source providing a Financial Benefit or from whom a Financial Benefit is due.
- From you, to the extent that a Financial Benefit is provided or payable or would have been required to be provided or payable if you had diligently sought to establish your rights to the Financial Benefit under any workers' compensation or employer's liability law.

## **Section 19 — Surrogacy**

In situations where a member receives monetary compensation to act as a surrogate, our plan will seek reimbursement of all Plan Charges for covered services the member receives that are associated with conception, pregnancy and/or delivery of the child. A surrogate arrangement is one in which a woman agrees to become pregnant and to surrender the baby to another person or persons who intend to raise the child.

## Chapter 10 — Definitions of important words

**Advantage Plus** – An optional supplemental benefits package you can choose to purchase during the Annual Enrollment Period and at other limited times. **The two supplemental benefits packages offered include eyewear, hearing aid, and comprehensive dental benefits or only comprehensive dental** benefits for an additional monthly premium that is added to your Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage plan premium (see Chapter 1, Section 4.2, for more information).

**Allowance** – A specified credit amount that you can use toward the cost of an item or service. If the cost of the item(s) or service(s) you select exceeds the allowance, you will pay the amount in excess of the allowance, which does not apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

**Annual Enrollment Period** – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or payment for services you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

**Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than our plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of our plan, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay.

**Benefit Period** – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measure your use of skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any skilled care in a SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go into a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Biological Product** – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological products.

**Biosimilar** – A prescription drug that is considered to be very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological product; however, biosimilars generally require a new prescription to substitute for the original biological product.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The federal agency that administers Medicare.

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example, 20%) of Plan Charges as your share of the cost for services.

**Complaint** – The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used only for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Coordination of Benefits (COB)** – Coordination of Benefits is a provision used to establish the order in which claims are paid when you have other insurance. If you have Medicare and other health insurance or coverage, each type of coverage is called a payer. When there is more than one payer, there are coordination of benefits rules that decide which one pays first. The primary payer pays what it owes on your bills first, and then sends the rest to the secondary payer to pay. If payment owed to us is sent directly to you, you are required under Medicare law to give the payment to us. In some cases, there may also be a third payer. See Chapter 1, Section 7, and Chapter 9, Section 8, for more information.

**Copayment (or copay)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription. A copayment is a set amount (for example, \$10), rather than a percentage.

**Cost-Sharing** – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. (This is in addition to our plan's monthly premium.) Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed copayment amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service that a plan requires when a specific service is received. **Note:** In some cases, you may not pay all applicable cost-sharing at the time you receive the services, and we will send you a bill later for the cost-sharing. For example, if you receive nonpreventive care during a scheduled preventive care visit, we may bill you later for the cost-sharing applicable to the nonpreventive care. For items ordered in advance, you pay the cost-sharing in effect on the order date (although we will not cover the item unless you still have coverage for it on the date you receive it) and you may be required to pay the cost-sharing when the item is ordered. For outpatient prescription drugs, the order date is the date that the pharmacy processes the order after receiving all of the information they need to fill the prescription.

**Covered Services** – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities

of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan pays.

**Disenroll or Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

**Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP)** – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual's eligibility.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include: walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech-generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Emergency Medical Condition** – A medical or mental health condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that a prudent layperson, with an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in:

- Serious jeopardy to the health of the individual or, in the case of a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child;
- Serious impairment to bodily functions; or
- Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about our plan or providers, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Home Health Aide** – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

**Home Health Care** – Skilled nursing care and certain other health care services that you get in your home for the treatment of an illness or injury. Covered services are listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2. We cover home health care in accord with Medicare guidelines. Home health care can include services from a home health aide if the services are part of the home health plan of care for your illness or injury. They aren't covered unless you are also getting a covered skilled service. Home health services do not include the services of housekeepers, food service arrangements, or full-time nursing care at home.

**Hospice** – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums, you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the seven-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

**Inpatient Hospital Care** – Health care that you get during an inpatient stay in an acute care general hospital.

**Kaiser Foundation Health Plan (Health Plan)** – Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of the Mid-Atlantic States, Inc., is a nonprofit corporation and a Medicare Advantage organization. This **Evidence of Coverage** sometimes refers to Health Plan as "we" or "us"(and it applies to Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty plan members).

**Kaiser Permanente** – Health Plan and Medical Group.

**Kaiser Permanente Region (Region)** – A Kaiser Foundation Health Plan organization that conducts a direct-service health care program. When you are outside our service area, you can get medically necessary health care and ongoing care for chronic conditions from designated providers in another Kaiser Permanente Region's service area. For more information, please refer to Chapter 3, Section 2.4.

**Long-Term Care Hospital** – A Medicare-certified acute-care hospital that typically provide Medicare covered services such as comprehensive rehabilitation, respiratory therapy, head trauma treatment, and pain management. They are not long-term care facilities such as convalescent or assisted living facilities.

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums and Medicare Part A and Part B premiums do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.



**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

**Medical Care or Services** – Health care services or items. Some examples of health care items include durable medical equipment, eyeglasses, and drugs covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**Medical Group** – It is the network of plan providers that our plan contracts with to provide covered services to you. The name of our medical group is the Mid-Atlantic Permanente Medical Group, P.C., a for-profit professional corporation.

**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

**Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** – The time period from January 1 to March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan, or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

**Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan** – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage plan can be (i) an HMO, (ii) a PPO, (iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or (iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-covered services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/ Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill gaps in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Member Services** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

**Network Physician** – Any licensed physician who is a partner or employee of Medical Group, or any licensed physician who contracts to provide services to our members (but not including physicians who contract only to provide referral services).

**Network Provider – Provider** is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals (including, but not limited to, physician assistants, nurse practitioners, and nurses), hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases, to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called **plan providers**.

**Organization Determination** – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

**Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare)** – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for cost-sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

**PACE Plan** – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) for as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

**Part C** – See **Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan**.

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

**Plan** – Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty.

**Plan Charges** – Plan Charges means the following:

- For services provided by Medical Group or plan hospitals, the charges in Health Plan's schedule of Medical Group and plan hospitals charges for services provided to members.
- For services for which a provider (other than Medical Group or plan hospitals) is compensated on a capitation basis, the charges in the schedule of charges that Kaiser Permanente negotiates with the capitated provider.
- For items obtained at a pharmacy owned and operated by Kaiser Permanente, the amount the pharmacy would charge a member for the item if a member's benefit plan did not cover the item (this amount is an estimate of: the cost of acquiring, storing, and dispensing drugs; the direct and indirect costs of providing Kaiser Permanente pharmacy services to members; and the pharmacy program's contribution to the net revenue requirements of Health Plan).
- For all other services, the payments that Kaiser Permanente makes for the services or, if Kaiser Permanente subtracts cost-sharing from its payment, the amount Kaiser Permanente would have paid if it did not subtract cost-sharing.

**Post-Stabilization Care** – Medically necessary services related to your emergency medical condition that you receive after your treating physician determines that this condition is clinically stable. You are considered clinically stable when your treating physician believes, within a reasonable medical probability and in accordance with recognized medical standards that you are safe for discharge or transfer and that your condition is not expected to get materially worse during or as a result of the discharge or transfer.

**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan** – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost-sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (nonpreferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health care or prescription drug coverage.

**Primary Care Provider (PCP)** – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 and described in Chapter 3, Section 2.3.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – Medical devices including, but are not limited to: arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy and urological supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

**Real-Time Benefit Tool** – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost-sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (prior authorization, step therapy, quantity limits) that apply to alternative medications.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

**Service Area** – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (nonemergency) services. Our plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of your plan's service area.

**Services** – Health care services, supplies, or items.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a special enrollment period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently Needed Services** – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.



## Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage Liberty Member Services

| METHOD         | Member Services—contact information   |
|----------------|---|
| <b>CALL</b>    | <b>1-888-777-5536</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers. |
| <b>TTY</b>     | <b>711</b><br>Calls to this number are free. 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.  |
| <b>WRITE</b>   | Kaiser Permanente<br>Member Services<br>Nine Piedmont Center<br>3495 Piedmont Road, NE<br>Atlanta, GA 30305-1736  |
| <b>WEBSITE</b> | <b>kp.org</b>   |

### State Health Insurance Assistance Program

A State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a state program that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. Please see Chapter 2, Section 3, for SHIP contact information.

**PRA Disclosure Statement** According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.